THE IRON ERA.

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THE IRON ERA

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Office on Morris Street near Blackwell.

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SHOES.
Warranted always to fit, are to be found in this store in the greatest profusion of styles and measurements, and
CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER STORE IN MORRIS COUNTY.
Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.
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36-tf

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Lime, Cement, Plaster,
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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES AT
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INSERTING, EXTRACTING,
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NO additional charge for extracting where new teeth are inserted. We are now making beautiful sets of teeth for
FIFTEEN DOLLARS.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
Dover, September 25th, 1875.

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calls attention to the fact that he has taken the
HOTEL, on BLACKWELL St.,
DOVER, N. J., lately kept by Chas. Watson, and has completely renovated and refurnished it, so as to give good and ample accommodations to both man and beast. The BAR will be supplied with the best brands of LIQUORS and SEGARS. Board will be furnished by the day or week, on reasonable terms. My
Livery Stable
will be continued in connection with this House. An invitation is extended to all my old friends and the general public to give me a call. 45-tf

M. & I. Searing
CARPENTERS,
and BUILDERS,
BLACKWELL ST.,
DOVER, N. J.
Plans and Specifications for buildings, Contracts taken and materials furnished.
Jobbing in General.
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MRS. J. SCHRADER,
McCainsville,
invites the attention of the ladies to her stock of
MILLINERY.
DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c.
FRESH SELECTIONS CONSTANTLY BEING MADE.
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This Institution is especially adapted to meet the requirements of young ladies who desire a full preparation for Business Pursuits. Special instruction in Penmanship.
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FULLY SATISFIED
our School is what we claim (one of the BEST) the full amount of money paid will be refunded.
The benefits of a course with us and the efficiency of our Teachers will be fully explained by T. W. Oram and M. Munson Searing of Dover.
For Catalogue and further particulars, address, or call on
W. P. GREGORY,
Principal and Proprietor,
719 BROAD STREET.
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OLD ESTABLISHED STAND!
(Between Voorhees Bros. Hardware Store and National Iron Bank.)
C. H. DALRYMPLE,
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DEALER IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
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Pharmaceutical Preparations.
PHYSICIANS AND DEALERS SUPPLIED
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Prescriptions carefully prepared. None but PURE DRUGS used of the best quality and prepared according to the United States Pharmacopoeia, or the most approved formula.
A full assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES
and everything usually found in a drug store
C. H. DALRYMPLE.
Morristown, N. J., June 7th, 1877.

TRIFLING
WITH A COLD IS ALWAYS DANGEROUS.
USE
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,
a sure remedy for COUGHS, and all diseases of the THROAT, LUNGS, CHEST and MUCOUS MEMBRANE.
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
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THOMAS BRIGHT, Proprietor.
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This old established Hotel is open for the season, and is particularly desirable for those seeking a retired summer residence. Situated at the head of Lake Hopatcong its features of lake and mountain scenery, excellent hunting and fishing, and fine drives make it unsurpassed by any in that region. For particulars address as above. 19-tf

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Those wishing Relief and Cure for RUPTURE should consult Dr. J. A. Sherman, 258 Broadway, New York. Send 10c for his new book, with Photographic likenesses of bad cases before and after cure. Beware of cheats who pretend to furnish Dr. Sherman's treatment.
One of these fellows, a german clerk, now calling himself Dr. W. G. Crempien, is indicted on complaint of Dr. S. and awaits trial for forgery and embezzlement. 42-4w

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REMOVES
Freckles, and Tan, makes the Skin soft and smooth. Beautifies the complexion.
It is a simple preparation, perfectly harmless and will surely do the work.
50 CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists.

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MARION'S CREAM OF BEAUTY is charming. Beauty is first and foremost in all ranks of society. Those to whom nature has been less generous in regard to beauty can supply in a great measure the deficiencies by using the most delightful and agreeable toilet article known as the "Cream of Beauty," which has been introduced into this country by a celebrated chemist, a delicate, charming application, which banishes all impentations, furrows, scars, tan, freckles, and discolorations from the skin, leaving its delicate texture clear, velvety and smooth. Sold by J. H. BROWN, Dover, N. J.

POETIC.

A Crowd of Boys.

From the Independent.

We live in a bit of a cottage,
With rooms neither many nor wide;
Yet we're rich in possessions—at table
Our children count three on a side.
There are brown eyes and blue eyes and hazel,
And with various gifts they're endowed;
But the school boys agree that our Benny
Is the jolliest boy in the crowd.

My neighbor, who has only daughters,
Came in with her sewing one day,
And, while we were pleasantly chatting,
The children came in from their play.
She paused in the midst of a story,
Unused to hear voices so loud,
But smilingly added: "Your Benny
Is the noisiest boy in the crowd!"

Their grandpa drops in of a morning,
And is often invited to stop,
To tell them some story or other,
Or mend up a wagon or top.
He is always amused at their sayings,
And seems of them all to be proud;
But he says, SOTTO VOCE, that Benny
Is the smartest of all in the crowd.

And grandma, who dwells in the quiet,
Unmoved by earth's clamor and noise,
Comes in with her sweet, placid manners,
For an afternoon's talk with the boys.
She sets them at peace, if a quarrel
Breaks over their joys like a cloud;
She is fond of them all; but thinks Benny
Is the prettiest one in the crowd.

Aunt Jane, from her stately old mansion,
O'ershadowed by poplar and elm,
Came down to the city last winter,
To visit my turbulent realm.
"I am glad," she assured me, at parting,
"Such blessings to you are allowed;
But keep a tight rein on that Benny,
He's the sauciest boy in the crowd!

Ah, me! what a mixed reputation
For any one boy to possess!
As the others have talents unnumbered,
We're a Babel, I frankly confess.
A philosopher, asked to appraise them,
At the task would be puzzled and cowed,
Though at dinner might reason that Benny
Is the hungriest boy in the crowd.

At night, when they all have been settled
In crib and in cradle and bed,
I go on a tour of inspection
And pillow each slumbering head;
And, while I commend them to heaven,
With spirit in reverence bowed,
I am sure I can never determine
The dearest or best in the crowd.

FRANCIS E. POPE.

Church Rules for Ladies.

Dress hard all the morning, such is fate,
Then enter church some minutes late.

All eyes will then be turned on you,
And will observe your bonnet new.

Let humble modesty wreath your face,
And take your seat with faultless grace.

Let your thoughts be fixed on high,
And re-arrange your cardinal tie.

Think how religion's prone to bless,
And criticise your neighbor's dress.

Let all your heart be filled with praise,
And notice Mrs. Maggie's lace.

Put from your mind all thoughts of sin,
And re-adjust your diamond pin.

Think of how good religion proves,
And then smooth out your buttoned gloves.

Catch well the precepts as they fall,
And smooth the wrinkles in your shawl.

Think of the sinner's fearful fate,
And notice if your bonnet's straight.

Pray for the influence divine—
That lady's basque, mark the design.

Let tender peace possess your mind,
And criticise that hat behind.

Reflect on Christian graces dear,
And fix those curls behind your ear.

Let your heart warm with silent prayer,
And view that horrid green silk there.

Reflect upon the wicked's ways;
See if your gold chain's out of place.

The last words hear with contrite heart,
And fix your pull-back when you start.

ERA-DIATIONS.

Wonder if Mars has any shooting stars?

The man who said he was "out on a lark" was really out on a swallow.

A dog ran down the street recently celebrating a tin wedding on his tail.

A country paper speaks of a man who died "without the aid of a physician." Such deaths are very rare.

Perhaps the reason why the Turks can't get hold of the Balkan Passes is that the passes are not transferable.

The girl who succeeds in winning the true love of a true man, makes a lucky hit, and is herself a lucky miss.

Foreign paper:—"Bedad, an' av it's nothing ye want," said Pat, "ye'll foind it in the bottle where the whisky was."

In Bath Abbey is to be seen the following epitaph: "Here lies Ann Mann; she lived an old maid, and died an old Mann."

Somebody writes to a rural paper to ask "How long cows should be milked?" Why, the same as short cows, of course.

A teacher fainted the other day, and a little girl, describing it at home, said: "She was so fainted they couldn't come her to."

The proposition to introduce ladies as railroad conductors is frowned upon, in view of the fact that their trains are always behind.

"My dear fellow, I'm sorry you must go, but promise me that if you ever come within a mile of my house you will stop there all night."

An old bachelor, observing the notice, "Families supplied," over a wholesale grocer's store, stepped in and ordered a wife and two children.

A Baltimore belle, just from Vassar, when told by the waiter that they had no gooseberries, exclaimed, "What has happened to the goose?"

Now doth the little boy, armed with a shingle, dive head first into an empty sugar barrel, and come out with the brand of cane upon his brow.

The reign of the saw is approaching, and the woodpile is smiling with joy, while the fatherless husband is sighing for a muscular, tractable boy.

"My dear," said John Henry to his scornful wife, "Providence has spared you the necessity of making any exertions of your own to turn up your nose."

An exchange says: "An Albany man who used to live on ten cents a day died wealthy." "He may have died wealthy," remarks another, "but we'll bet he did not die fat."

"Mamma, a brooklet means a little brook, doesn't it? and an eaglet a little eagle?" "Yes, my dear." "Then, ma, does an eyelet mean a little eye, and a hamlet a little ham?"

Marriages are not so plenty as usual. The young ladies ought to get up a strike for their altars. The strike for the fires can come in afterward, when the question of building them comes up.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF ARIZONA.

During the past twelvemonth considerable progress has been made in the opening of Arizona to settlement and enterprise. On more than one ground this territory merits a larger share of attention than it has yet received, and we are glad to find our knowledge of its resources and interesting features so much enlarged through the data collected in its local newspapers and the reports sent home from time to time by recent explorers of districts hitherto unvisited.

It is but a few years since the whole region between New Mexico and the Colorado river was less known than any other part of inhabitable North America. The semblance of protection offered by isolated forts and trading posts did not lure experienced frontiersmen upon that dangerous ground. Notwithstanding traditions and assurances of mineral treasures, the terror of a few thousand Indians, reputed exceptionally formidable, but, as it has proved, far less powerful than the natives of Florida or Mississippi, sufficed to bar against emigration an area three times larger than the State of New York. This state of things was the more surprising because there is no evidence that the savage races of Arizona were more tractable in earlier times, yet they did not deter the Spaniards from making good, by partial occupation, their claim to the land. With one exception, the town first settled by Europeans within the limits of the United States is Tucson in this territory. Here, in spite of Apaches and Navajoes, and other tribes not less hostile, a knot of Spanish pioneers tilled the soil and laid open mines many years before the founding of Jamestown in Virginia. Now that the Apaches have peacefully retired to their reservations, we are beginning to track the footsteps of those resolute Dons, and to learn that the wealth of northern Sonora, of which we heard so much at the date of the Mexican cession, was in no wise exaggerated.

At present the white population, computed at about 80,000, is in excess of the whole number of Indians remaining in the territory. A line of settlement is steadily being pushed along the valleys of the Colorado and its confluents, while a number of small towns and mining camps are growing up about Prescott, in the central mountain region, as well as around Tucson in the south. The means of access to the principal centres have been greatly improved. Besides, the Colorado Navigation Company, whose steamers ply regularly to Hardyville, nearly 350 miles above Fort Yuma, there are half a dozen stage companies in operation. One of these, known as the Southern Pacific Mail Line, runs its coaches from San Liego on the Pacific to a point on the Rio Grande, a distance of 850 miles, while another connects the terminus of the California Southern Pacific Railroad with the rising towns of central Arizona. The maintenance of these facilities attests the relative tranquility and growing activity of the country. Considering the limited amount of capital which has so far been attracted hither, the work accomplished in the mineral districts is extremely creditable. The number of mines now located and recorded in the Territory may be set down at upward of 12,000. These include mines of gold quartz and of copper and true fissure veins of silver ores, some of the latter little inferior in width to the most famous lodes of Nevada and Mexico. As regards the richness of these deposits, we need not accept local reports, which Eastern readers have learned to view with suspicion, but from one fact significant enough for those familiar with the cost of transportation in remote mining countries. It appears from the accounts of the Navigation Company, that in a single year it was found more profitable to haul more than a thousand tons of ore to Yuma, on the Colorado river, and ship it thence to San Francisco for reduction. If this fact be duly weighed, a considerable basis of reality will be conceded to the astonishing accounts respecting the quantity of bullion realized with the scanty reduction appliances now existing in Arizona.

But while the most skeptical must recognize the signs of vast mineral deposits, this Territory is beginning to exhibit other sources of wealth. The greater part of the country is admirably adapted to stock raising and grazing, and the number of sheep already falls little short of two millions. The climate is so mild that sheep and cattle once acclimated need little protection from storm or wind, and there are few localities destitute of rich and nutritive wild grasses. As there are two rainy seasons, the foot hills and rolling lands do not present that gray and sterile appearance characteristic of California scenery, but are clothed with velvety green for many months of the year. We may add that the wood and timber supply is much ampler than has been supposed. It turns out that a large portion of northern Arizona is an elevated plateau, most of which is covered with large forests of pine, spruce, juniper, and cedar. Timber belts are also encountered along the lines of several proposed railroads.

Owing to the dearth of water in the rivers, many of which sink into the sand, or become dry during a part of the year, the total area now susceptible of cultivation will not reach three million acres. But with a system of irrigation works, it is estimated that some twenty million acres of rich farming land might be thrown open to tillage. This brings us to a feature of Arizona which must ever invest the great valley of the Gila and its tributaries with a unique and sovereign interest. All over this vast plain, now arid and desolate, lie the traces of a majestic and elaborate scheme of artificial irrigation not excelled by anything in Peru, central Asia, or the Nile valley. Canals of great length and breadth, feeding an intricate checker-work of conduits, gave fertility to tracts, which judging from the profuse remains of ruined cities, we must conclude once supported millions of human beings. That no mean grade of civilization had been reached by the pre-historic dwellers in this region is attested by the character of their remains, even if we cannot accept the Zuni tribe, which now inhabits a large and well-built town on the east confines of Arizona, as a degenerate remnant of the vanished race. When the first Spanish expedition reached Sonora in 1540 the plain of the Gila had been a waste for centuries, and the founders of its cities had no place in the local traditions. This mysterious people, therefore, were not the ancestors of the Aztecs. Was it, perhaps, in the Gila basin that the Toltecs, before their migration southward, gained their signal advance in the arts of life, and may this have been the country which, according to a Chinese chronicle, was visited by Buddhist priests in the fifth century? These are questions which may not rest unanswered when the wall pictures and other vestiges here extant have received a tithe of the attention which has been lavished on the monuments of the Nile valley. Therefore it is that this Territory of Arizona, whose material resources we are beginning to appreciate, is likely also to be one day cherished as the classic ground of American antiquity.

Mr. Evart's Conundrum.

Mr. Evarts has been in a playful humor ever since his trip through the New England States. The press of the country teems daily with his bright witticisms and bon mots. At the Cabinet meeting last Saturday Mr. Evarts was even more humorous than ever. His wit bubbled and welled and gurgled up like a spring of fresh, cool water. The other honorable gentlemen laughed and laughed till their sides fairly ached, and still Mr. Evert's fund of humor was not exhausted.

"Why," said he, planting a fresh chew where it would do the most good, and handing the pouch back to General Devens, "why is the hen immortal?"

"Come now," said the President, smiling benignantly, "come now, no politics to-day!"

"Oh, but your honor," remonstrated Mr. Evarts, rising and instinctively reaching a volume of reports that lay on the table. "There isn't hooney pulletics in this, but, may it please the Court, it's a joke. Why is the hen immortal?"

The Cabinet sank at once into a profound study.

"Why—is—the—hen—immortal," slowly repeated General Devens, "Because she never dyes! He-he-he-ha!"

The Cabinet groaned dismally and Mr. Evarts said "No."

"Oh, I know!" cried General Key, gleefully, clapping his hands, "I know! Because she can't climb a tree!"

This cast a deep gloom over the circle, and the President remarked that he'd have to cut down the erring brother's wages if he wasn't more considerate of his associates' feelings. Mr. Evarts again shook his head.

Secretary Sherman was next to break the awful silence.

"Because," said he, "Because her customs syndicate an eggstance of—"

"No, no," interrupted Mr. Evarts, "That's not it, at all. It's a short answer."

"Give us the first line and then it'll be easier to guess," suggested the warlike McCrary.

"Well, all right," said Mr. Evarts, "because her son—there, now you ought to guess the rest easy enough."

"Because her son believed in Civil Service?" quickly put in Mr. Schurz.

They laughed heartily at this felicitous hit at the poor bird, but Mr. Evarts still shook his head.

"Well, we give it up," they all in chorus.

"Give it up, eh?" said Mr. Evarts. "Why it's as easy as rolling off a log. A hen is immortal because her son—"

At this moment Mrs. Hayes came in and invited the Cabinet into the Blue Room to take a glass of water with her. So Mr. Evarts's conundrum is still before the country.

Miss Thursby.

There is a little scandal just now in the musical world worth mentioning. M. Maurice Strakosch, some time ago, informed us that he had agreed to pay Miss Thursby $100,000 for a tour in Europe. The sum appeared immense, but then it is certain that Miss Thursby is one of the very few great concert singers of the day. Possessed of a magnificent soprano voice, she sings in admirable style and taste, and is altogether, an artist to be envied by primo donne on the wane. It now appears that Mr. Strakosch has broken this contract, and proved to the world that he only made it as a means of self-advertisement. Mr. Strakosch is fond of self-advertising, and lately has gone to work to concoct stories regarding Mme. Patti, which are not calculated to improve his reputation for veracity. M. Strakosch has written to Miss Thursby, stating that, if she likes she can come to England, and "take whatever she can get." Anyway, M. Strakosch's conduct toward the eminent American artiste is, to say the very least of it, ungentlemanly. If he has Miss Thursby's signature in his possession, appended to the document concerning her hundred thousand dollar engagement, she ought either to oblige him to keep it, or pay he an indemnity. Since his astonishing attempt to make the American public believe Mlle Belocca to be a great artiste, Maurice Strakosch has attempted humbug a little too clumsily. It was he who told all London that Adolina Patti was in a convent, and, what is more, induced the world to believe it. Now it turns out Mme. Patti was not in a nunnery at all but in a hotel at Dinan, kept by Nicholas, the father of the tenor Nicolini. Mme. Patti will be leading prima dona at Covent Garden next season, and may come here. In the meantime, Maurice Strakosch had better look up the fable of the boy and the wolf, and remember he may cry out in vain.—*The Spirit of the Times, 29th.*

A Gambling House for Ladies.

In one of the most fashionable and respectable quarters in San Francisco near Market street, stands a large and elegant looking house. The hundreds of people who daily pass it think it is a private residence, little dreaming that it is a female gambling institution, as it is, and in which thousands of dollars not unfrequently change hands nightly. It is patronized by men and women who belong to the wealthy class, and who move in aristocratic circles. Cards of invitation are issued bearing simply a monogram, which give admission to the possessor. The names of some of the patrons would astonish the community were they known. No vehicle of any kind is allowed to stand in front of this house, and those who frequent it must keep their carriages at least two blocks away. This is required in order to avoid suspicion. The front part of the house is always enshrouded in quietude. At night dim lights are burned in the front rooms. The upper half of the inside window blinds is thrown back, and to the passer-by nothing is to be seen to arouse the slightest suspicion of the true character of the house.

The manager of this institution is a woman, who came here from St. Louis about a year ago. At one time she figured in Washington as a lobbyist. She is a lovely brunette, of queenly appearance, and dresses elegantly. On your entrance to this abode you are generally welcomed by Madame in a back parlor, brilliantly lighted and handsomely furnished, into which you have been ushered by the colored servant who has answered your bell call. From thence you are conducted into the saloon of the establishment, down stairs. This apartment is gorgeously furnished. The carpet is of an elegant pattern, with heavy curtains and hangings to match, while the furniture is rich and massive. The walls are adorned with beautiful pictures, and articles of vertu are to be seen in profusion. In this apartment, night after night, into the wee sma' hours, are to be found leading merchants and stock brokers with the wives of some of their business associates, all engaged in play, only interrupted between the hours of 12 and 1 by a lunch of cake and wine.

The principal games played by these fashionable gamblers are faro, Boston, and whist. Occasionally roulette and rouge et noir are played. The dealer at the faro table is a beautiful-looking blonde, who passes for the stepdaughter of Madame, the manager. She generally dresses in a white lace wrapper, with a lustrous diamond ring sparkling from an extremely white and delicately-shaped hand. She is an adept with the cards, if one may judge by the way she handles them. There are other females, elegantly attired, in attendance, who are connected with the establishment, and who are always ready to take a hand in any game of chance that is proposed, and in which they are proficient. While not engaged they usually while away the time in playing billiards in an adjoining room. The fascination and excitement of gaming are such that every night the establishment is well patronized. It is understood that Madame is backed by several heavy capitalists of that city.

A Yankee Trick.

Just before the Declaration of Independence, a Yankee peddler started down to New York to sell a lot of bowls and dishes he had made of maple. Jonathan traveled over the city, asking everybody to buy his wares, but no one was disposed to invest.

It happened that a British fleet was then lying in the harbor of New York, and Jonathan struck upon a plan of selling his dishes. He got a naval uniform, by hook or crook, (for history doesn't tell where he got it,) and strutting up town, one morning, asked a merchant if he had any nice wooden ware, as the commodore wanted a lot for the fleet.

The merchant replied that he had none on hand, but there was some in town, and if he would send in the afternoon he would supply him with pleasure.

"Very good," said our naval officer; "I will call."

Jonathan now cut for home, by the shortest route, and he had scarcely doffed his borrowed plumage before down came the merchant, who, seeing that Jonathan had sold none of his wares, offered to buy the entire lot if he would deduct fifteen per cent.; but Jonathan said he'd be gol darned if he wouldn't take 'em home, before he'd take a cent less than his first price.

The merchant finally paid him down in gold his price for the wooden ware, which laid on his shelves for many a long day thereafter; and Jonathan trotted home in high glee at the success of his manœuvre, while the merchant cursed British officers ever after.

A LONG-WINDED SICK MAN.—At Toledo, we believe it was, Judge West and Gen. George A. Sheridan were appointed to speak together.

It was one of Judge West's bad nights. He was not feeling strong, and as Sheridan was a rattling speaker, it was the determination to give the night to him. The Chairman of the meeting therefore, according to understanding opened by stating that Judge West was "feeble," and could occupy but a few minutes.

The Judge opened at five minute before 8, and became so absorbed with the iniquities of the Democratic party and the beauties of the Republicans, that he knew nothing of the flight of time, and closed with a dazzling peroration at nine minutes after 11 o'clock—occupying only three hours and sixteen minutes.

Sheridan came forward and said that he was "somewhat feeble" himself, but he did not think they required to hear from more than one sickly man in one evening. The audience roared themselves out of the hall.

The boy who took down a hornet's nest and undertook to carry it home, thinking he had a bag of treasures, lost the bag on his way, but succeeded in getting the hornets to accompany him to his destination.

Taking a Swordfish.

It was some time before we could distinguish the speck, rising and falling with the sea, which had attracted the old whaleman's attention. Soon he pronounced it a "fish," and after putting us on the other tack to run down partly to leeward of it, went below to bring up the irons. When we had worked perhaps a mile before it, we lay to for our final instructions, the skipper took the wheel to "keep her head on if yer can," and the one who held the airtight barrel was told "When y're sure I've struck him, over with it."

He was as cool as a cucumber as he took the harpoon and cutting spade forward, coiling the line (one end of which was fast to the harpoon, the other to the barrel) carefully on deck, with the caution, "Ware when it flakes out," and taking only enough with him to his roost on the bowsprit end to give him ample elbow room. His station reached, he fixed the spade in the support ready to receive it, laid the iron in front of him across the cage, waved his hand, and we filled away, close hauled. Never was a mile more slowly sailed by the little group in the pit of the White Cloud. Never had our hearts beaten faster than as we neared the fifteen feet fish, rolling, asleep, in the trough of the sea. Now the pilot is almost over him; slowly he raises the iron, braces himself, and hurls it with all the strength of both sinewy arms. The iron sinks deeply into the sleeping fish; there is a mighty surge, the line flakes over board as quickly as thought, the float splashes as it disappears beneath the water, then all is still. We luff and wait. Presently up bobs the float. The fish finding the strain of the air-tight barrel too severe is coming to the surface. Now the water bubbles and boils just under our lee, and the swordfish broaches half his length out of his element, shakes himself savagely, and swims at lightning speed for the barrel. He strikes it again and again with his sword, but it rests so lightly on top of the water that he cannot injure it. Then he stops, looks at us an instant, and darts toward the boat. We have not time to bring her head around, and if he strikes it will be amidships. The pilot comes quickly aft, bringing his long-handled, three-cornered spade, and, as the fish comes within striking distance, aims one swift, unerring blow full at his forehead. The terrible sword drops harmless, the upper muscles at its base are severed, and he passes under us, jarring the boat and splashing us with water as he sounds.

Again the float goes under and is out of sight a longer time than before. Again the fish throws himself out of water, showing his sword hanging down at an angle of forty-five degrees. He swims once or twice around the barrel, then starts to windward at too furious a speed to last, with the float ploughing behind him. When we beat up he is feebly fighting it. He sounds for a short time, but comes up exhausted. Once or twice he rolls over on his side, but recovers himself and swims on in short tacks. We press him too closely, and he charges us again, but we make no effort to avoid him, knowing that now he is powerless to injure us, nor does he try to strike, apparently realizing that his weapon is useless, but he goes under, coming up the other side.

And so he sounds and swims, fights and runs, until at last he succumbs to exhaustion and lies still. We work up alongside, and as we luff the pilot puts a lance into his very life. There is a shudder along his whole body, his fins work convulsively a moment, and then he lies motionless and dead. We rig a tackle to our main-mast, and after considerable labor get him aboard, where we can examine at our leisure his peculiar shape, and admire his graceful "clipper build." Our Nantucketer estimates his weight at between 500 and 600 pounds. His sword is over three feet in length, its broken point and nicked edges proving that its owner was an old as well as a fighting fish.

Our fish is on board, and after reserving a few choice cuts, turned over to our pilot, who asks that we run in to Martha's Vineyard that he may dispose of him before he spoils. And so we set gaff and gib topsails, haul off before the wind, and lay our course northward.

A Hornet's Nest for a Bustle.

A correspondent from Zionsville relates the following ludicrous incident: A rather funny incident happened at one of the recent pic-nics near this place. It appears that a certain young lady had the misfortune to lose her bustle. While wandering through the woods she saw an old hornet's nest and she remarked to her female companion "what a beautiful bustle that would make," and suggested that it be used for that purpose. The suggestion was acted upon and the hornet's nest adjusted in the place that should have been ornamented with a bustle. The young lady walked off, highly elated with her new patent, but alas for human hopes, it seems that the hornets were not all away from home and not exactly understanding the state of affairs they began to investigate the matter.

Suddenly a succession of unearthly screams attested the vigor with which the hornets conducted the investigation. A young man was attracted by the screams of the young lady, and the rapid manner in which that bustle was removed would have done credit to a streak of greased lightning. The young man says that the rapidity with which a pair of striped stockings flew through the air so blended the colors that he imagined he saw all the colors of the rainbow. The young lady has come to the conclusion that the old kind of bustle is the best, and she intends to discard all new patents in that line.—*Allentown Chronicle.*

A teacher after reading to her scholars the story of a generous child, asked them what generosity was. One little fellow raised his hand and said: "I know; it's giving to others what you don't want yourself."

Mark Twain's Cheek.

These two sagebrush wits (Mark Twain and Dan De Quille) once roomed together during the early days of Virginia City, when everything was in its primitive state, and before the advancing hand of civilization provided the comforts of metropolitan life. Both were employed on the Enterprise—Dan as the "rock sharp" and Mark as the "funny man." One of Mark's eccentricities was to shirk all kind of responsibility, and he invariably left Dan to do all the buying, rent-paying, etc., and by dint of much perseverance and an equal amount of forcible persuasion Dan managed to make Mark pay his quota towards the expense—not that the latter regretted separating himself from a few sheckels, of course not; but from an indisposition to be bothered or annoyed with such trifles, as his mind soared to higher things than "a dollar's worth of coal," "four bits' worth of kerosene," or "a quarter's worth of washing soap," etc. Mark carried his indifference to extremes; but there was really no limit to his cheek. He possessed the pure, genuine, unadulterated article. He would borrow Dan's comb, use it put it in his pocket and blow Dan up for not possessing a better one. In those days he was never known to own a pair of drawers or an undershirt, or even a pair of socks; but he would walk the streets in a suit of Dan's best, which he had appropriated from the latter's trunk, and then swear because there happened to be a button off the shirt. He would go to Dan's trunk, examine the articles therein, and then turn to that person and ask him if he didn't have a pair of socks without a hole in the heel.

Mark and Dan were both inveterate smokers, and of course we know who bought the tobacco. If Dan should happen to get hold of an inferior brand, and fill the box with it, Mark would intimate that "when people bought tobacco they might exercise a little judgement, and not get stuff that a man couldn't use." These little peculiarities of Mark's nature, though sometimes expensive to Dan, were nevertheless enjoyed by him; but one day Mark overleaped the bounds of Dan's amiability, and that individval got mad. Think of it—Dan De Quille in a passion.

It seems Mark ran out of a tooth-brush, and how to replace it without sacrificing some of his mining stock puzzled him considerably. But a brilliant idea one day thrust itself into his troubled sconce. "Heaven be praised for the thought!" soliloquized he; "genius will be rewarded!" So one morning, standing by the washstand, just after rising, he picked up the coveted article, and, turning it round and round in his hand, said to Dan, who was still snugly ensconced between his blankets, but with one eye on Mark:

"Say, Dan, that looks like my brush."

"Liar!" shouted Dan; "that brush did an Egyptian to my mother give!"

"The hell!" answered the profane Mark; "and has the old woman practised on it, too?"

"Aye, verily!" quoted Dan.

"And how long, my perfumed blanket-sweater, have you cleansed those foul snags of yours with it?"

"Nine years," faintly murmured Dan, who was beginning to have suspicions that his old dental companion was about to leave him.

"Nine years," said Mark, rubbing the article on the soap. "Bully! If there is anything I hate it is to break in a new tooth-brush." And in a quarter of a second that almost hairless piece of ivory was exploring the cavern under Mark's nose. Dan could not brook the insult. A boot heel instantaneously sunk into Mark's skull, and the two great wits of Nevada were friends no more.

Homely Girls.

"How did that homely woman contrive to get married?" is not unfrequently remarked of some good domestic whom her husband regards as the apple of his eye, and in whose plain face he sees something better than beauty. Pretty girls who are vain of their charms are rather prone to make observations of this kind, and a consciousness of the fact that flowers of loveliness are often left to pine on the stem, while weeds of homeliness go off rapidly, is no doubt at the bottom of the sneering question. The truth is that most men prefer homeliness and ability to beauty and caprice. Handsome women are sometimes hard to please. They are apt to over-rate themselves; and in waiting for an immense bid they occasionally overstep the market. Their plain sisters, on the contrary, aware of their personal deficiencies generally lay themselves out to produce an agreeable impression—and in most cases they succeed. They don't aspire to capture paragons with princely fortunes, but they are willing to take anything respectable.

Cost of Smoking.

Mr. Hubbard was about 18 years old when he determined to lay aside day by day the money which he would have spent for cigars had he been a smoker. At the end of each month he deposited at interest the sum thus accumulated in a savings bank. As the price of good cigars advanced he correspondingly increased the amount of money to be laid away each day. From time to time, when his savings in the bank reached a few hundred dollars, he would draw them out to make a better investment. By wise and shrewd management the fund amounted to from $15,000 to $18,000 a few years since. Mr. Hubbard then took this money, and with it purchased a charming site, and built a commodious and comfortable home for himself and family. The place overlooks Long Island Sound, and commands one of the widest and finest views that can be found along the Connecticut shore.

A woman who recently had her butter seized by the clerk of the market for short weight, gave as a reason, that the cow, from which the butter was made, was subject to a cramp, and that caused the butter to shrink.

THE IRON ERA.

BENJ H. VOGT, Editor and Prop'r

Saturday, Oct. 13th, 1877.

The October Elections.

In the election in October on Tuesday, Bishop, the Democratic nominee for Governor, was elected by a majority of about 30,000 over West, the Republican candidate, and by a large plurality over all others. The Democrats also carried the Legislature by about 40 majority on joint ballot, which will give them a United States Senator in the place of Stanley Matthews, Republican.

In Iowa Gear, the Republican candidate for Governor, beat Irish, Democrat, by 40,000, and Stubbs, Greenback, by a little more.

At the Charter election in Newark Mayor Yates, Republican, was re-elected over Pine, Democrat, by a majority of 381. The Republicans also elected nine of the sixteen Aldermen.

The Turkish War.

The Russian army of Asia Minor, after a long period of inaction, has again been defeated by the Turks in a great battle. It was fought near Kars last Tuesday. An official bulletin of the Grand Duke Michael, who commanded *the Russian army in person,* puts the Russian loss in Tuesday's action at 3,069 killed and wounded, but the Turkish bulletin says that the Russian loss was over 5,000. The Russians were the assailants, and they were repulsed along *the whole line of attack, except* at one point, which was of so little account to them that they abandoned it. On the next day there was some fighting; but the Russians were evidently exhausted in Tuesday's action, for on Thursday, *according to the Russian official* despatches, they withdrew from the field.

In the operations in Asia Minor, the Grand Duke Michael, who has commanded the army since the beginning of the war, has failed as miserably as the *other members of his family have failed* in the operations in Bulgaria. His first campaign was a disgraceful failure; and now, after his army has been recruited, and has enjoyed a rest of many months, his second campaign has opened as disastrously as his *first ended. In his first campaign he laid the blame upon his* subordinate, Gen. Mellikoff; but in Tuesday's action, according to the despatches, he himself was in immediate command of the army. In the present war with Turey, the *imperial family of* Russia have not shown themselves to be victorious commanders on the field of battle.

An adventure so singular in its character happened *to a citizen of Plymouth,* Mass., on Thursday morning of last week, that, without the knowledge of the parties and the evidence of those near, it would be set down as a Munchausen tale. Mr. D. Finney, with his neighbor, *Ancel Bartlett, were off* Gunner's Point, South Plymouth, coot shooting. They were in separate dories, as far apart as boats usually are in that sport, when a humpback whale rose some distance off and spouted. He rose again nearer the boat, and *Mr. Finney* thought, by the direction he was taking, that the next time he came up he would come ahead of the boat and he would give him a shot. While waiting for him to come up, kneeling in the bottom of the dory, he felt a shock, and, as he expresses it, found himself on the whale's back dry shod. The next thing he knew he went down and came up on the other side of the boat. Probably the whale sank when he found he had a rider, and drew the man with him. When he came up he was near Mr. Barlett's dory, and was taken into his boat. Throughout the whole he had held on to his gun, and brought it on board with him.

The latest discoverers of the "remains" of Columbus made the singular mistake of inscribing upon the coffin the words, 'discoverer of America.' The name "America" had not been given to this continent when Columbus died, and even if it had it would be a little singular had the friends of Columbus inscribed on his coffin a name that acknowledged the claims of Amerigo Vespucci rather than his own. This second Columbus is something of a Cardiff giant.

It is stated that the personal feelings of the Emperor William, of Germany, are now strongly enlisted in the war, and that he has emphatically expressed the opinion that the Christians of European Turkey must be withdrawn from the dominion of the Turk.

Paris has a boy fourteen years old who has no feet, their places being supplied with perfectly formed hands. By the aid of a peculiarly formed chair, which permits him to assume a reclining position, he plays on two pianos at the same time.

For the Ladies.

The retention of the princess style enables the ladies to make over their old dresses.

The cuirass polonaise is one of the simple and comfortable models offered for early Fall and Winter wear in the house and street.

There is but little change in the design of dress, the princess style remaining the foundation upon which many caprices are displayed.

Odly blended colors, like the rich and irregular hues seen on the wrong side of India shawls or the right side of Turkish rugs, are much in vogue.

The latest thing in wedding dresses is a dress of brocaded satin, with high square neck and very long train; the flowers form a chatelaine on the side and a chaplet for the hair.

A novelty for ladies' overdress is called French cord, and so closely resembles the corduroy worn by the gentlemen that it will probably be known as corduroy, notwithstanding the protests of the merchants against so fine a stuff having so common a *title.*

Among the colors most seen in French cord are various shades of moss green, olive and bronze. As these hues are not becoming to all, there are blue, brown and black *grounds brightened by knots, threads, dots* and dashes of bright scarlet, cardinal, pale blue sky, old gold and the vivid imperial yellow.

Short skirts for walking-dresses are the *sensation of the hour,* and the best French modistes are giving special attention to the designing of short suits that will be sufficiently dressy for city wear.

There are so many comparisons between *long basques and polonaises, that in first* examining a new costume it is difficult to say whether it is a basque with overskirt or polonaise. It generally proves to be a princesse costume.

A great many materials are imported for dress trimmings to be cut up in side gores, panels, pockets, vests and collars, and these dresses dispense with all galloons, pipings and fringes. These trimmings stuffs resemble chenille and plush.

Sailor-blue wool princesse dresses for children are sold at furnishing houses for $3.50 for the smaller sizes, such as are worn by children two years of age. The gravest brown, olive, and most green shades are made up in similar fashions.

Ex-Constable Banghart, of Oxford, is under indictment for burglary, receiving stolen goods and personating a magistrate and marrying (?) George Hannon, another well-known resident, to a confiding girl and then raining her.

[For The Era.]

WINTER GARDENING.

Said my wife to me the other day "Dan, who don't you give the readers of THE IRON ERA the benefit of some of your knowledge of making flowers grow? All the neighbors come here to get you to tell them how to do it but there are many others to whom the information would be valuable and who would be glad to gain a few practical hints."

It is the old, old story over again, Eve tempted Adam and my Eve has tempted me to write for a newspaper. I have succumbed to the temptation and send you, Mr. Editor, the result:

For the past month those who desired to have flowering plants in their houses through the Winter have been busily engaged in removing them from their gardens and potting them. In my walks abroad *I have looked* over many a garden fence and seen the ladies at their work and, in exceptional cases, where the ladies were young and pretty, I have thrown off the weight of years which encumber me and given *them my aid. But,* generally, I have preferred to be a silent looker-on and this is the way I have seen it done.

First young lady—"Julia dig under that big geranium. *Lift up all the earth* with it you can and slip it into this pot. There, isn't it a beauty? I do hope it will grow. Wonder why our plants did so poorly last Winter?" Julia—"I'm sure I don't know. *We took them up very carefully* and never broke off a single leaf and yet they barely lived through the Winter and came out in the Spring looking so pale and sickly."

Just so, young ladies, and so will continue to do unless you *change your tactics. You* never put any drainage in your pots, which were several sizes too small by the by; you put the poor things in their pots with the same ground in which they had grown all Summer and which was *necessarily impoverished,* and, worst of all, you never cut back the tops of all to correspond with the natural check which transplanting entails. A few cinders or pieces of broken pots is *absolutely neccessarry to ensure drainage,* otherwise the water, with which you are sure to plentifully douse them, will settle about the roots, rot them off and either kill your plant or else make of it that pale sickly thing which *you complain of. In lifting* your plants be not so careful about *taking up all the earth* with them. Do not altogether bare the roots but at the same time see to it that there is room left in the pot for plenty of FRESH earth. *That you should prepare beforehand.* A compost of leaves, old sods and some well rotted manure is the florist's compound, but next best to that get some rich soil out of the woods, which is largely composed of decayed leaves, and mix it with good garden soil. Place some of it on the drainage in your pot, then put in your plant and press in your new earth well around the roots. Before doing so, however, cut back your plant. "Spare the knife and spoil the plant," that's my reading of the proverb. Some ladies take into their houses great bean pole looking geraniums with a yard or more of stalk and then wonder why they don't bloom. Those plants are so busy extracting life enough from their roots to keep their long legs alive that they haven't time or strength to think about blooming. But cut them back when you pot them and mark the result. The leg growth is checked to correspond with the check on the roots, new leaves shoot forth and soon the buds and flowers will appear. Ask your fathers young ladies whether they cut the tops of the young trees they set out or not. Of course they do and so must you with your plants if you want them to grow and become beautiful ornaments to your houses. One thing more. Don't hurry your newly potted plants into the glare of sunlight. Give them a couple of weeks, or even more, of quietness and shade, either under a tree, or in a shed or, if the frost is near, in the cellar. After that you can safely bring them out to the light and they will do well. A few pieces of green moss placed on the top of each pot is a good thing. They *keep the heat of the house from penetrating* too strongly to the roots, absorb and hold the water which you lavish on them and will enable you to leave off at least half of your watering duties as the moss will keep the earth moist with very little watering.

But your plants must have nourishment through the Winter and this is best given in the shape of spirits of ammonia which is a strong manurial compound—a dozen drops will impregnate a pint of water and should be applied once a week. A stronger dose will do more harm than good. The benefits of this liquid manuring will be shown in the dark, rich foliage of your plants and in the color of your flowers.

But most of your readers, Mr Editor, have ere this, I hope, taken up their house plants and consequently my words of advice may be late. Yet there still remains plenty to be done, for the young ladies have only taken up a few plants here and there and have left many yet in the garden to perish by the frost. The reason of that doubtless was that they only had a few large pots and, besides, too many of the large plants were not wanted as occupying more room than could conveniently be spared. But what about the slips for next year, ladies? Those pretty variegated leaf plants, those single and double petunias, the fuschias, geraniums, heliotropes and a host of others are all willing to be perpetuated by slips and, when you know how, that is one of the easiest as well as the pleasantest features of Winter gardening. *"Oh, indeed,"* I fancy I hear a chorus of your *fair* readers replying "We know all about that. Just cut your slip, stick it into a pot and there it is."

Well, ladies, there it is indeed, but, come now honestly tell me, how did it get along? Did it grow strong and staunch, bloom nicely and in the Spring be in good order for setting out in your gardens; or didn't it straggle along through life *tall* and sickly, with never a flower and with a dreadfully feeble appearance in Spring. The latter is your answer I feel sure and I will tell you why and how it comes to be so. You placed your cutting *in rich earth and it grew*—of course it grew for nature gave it that faculty. But how about the roots? Did you ever look at them? If so you would have found that they were poor miserable specimens *which could not possily nourish the plant.* Now if you will follow my advice your cuttings will not only live but thrive. Fill an old box, one four or six inches deep is as good as any, with common sand. Water it *well and place your* cuttings in the sand—they should not be more than three or four inches long and may be not an inch in length. Remove all leaves except a few at the top. Place your box or boxes in the shade—at this time of the year in the cellar unless it is a dark one in which case some place where there is at least a little light will be preferable. Water twice or thrice a week for two to four weeks—then you are ready to pot them. Try first by gently raising up one of the cuttings, whether they have put forth roots. If so all is ready and you can pot them in small pots filled with good earth according to directions before given. If not let them be in the sand until good roots are formed and for that matter you can leave them in the sand from now to near Christmas and they will be none the worse for it. Now I will explain the philosophy of first putting them in sand. The slip would grow better in earth, but, as I have said, the stalk and tops would outgrow the roots. When placed in sand the stalk and tops simply hold their own while the strength of the cutting goes into roots. Then when they are transplanted into pots of good earth the roots have a fair start and the health of the young plant is assured.

In slipping put twice as many into the sand as you desire to pot. This gives you a choice of the best slips when you want them. Very small pots are quite sufficient for slips and it is astonishing how well they will do. If the heat of your house is oppressive place the potted slips in a box or boxes of sand or earth. This keeps them moist and they do much better than when the outside of the small pots with their modicum of earth *therein is exposed to the heat of the room*—in the latter case ever frequent waterings will not keep the earth moist and the plants are killed.

Go back into your gardens, ladies, and *look through your flower beds* for suitable slips or borrow from, or exchange with your neighbors—never slip the hard wood of the plants but choose the tender shoots. Then will you have a handsome array of flowers *through* the Winter and in the Spring you will be well supplied with an abundance of fine plants for putting out.

DAN KURNFLY.

VICINITY NEWS.

Joseph C. Thompson, of Washington, is spoken of for next Sheriff of Warren County.

Another wonderful silver mine has been discovered in Pahaquarry township, Warren County.

David Cushing, night watchman at Washington station, who was injured by having his arm crushed between two cars, while drilling in the yard two weeks ago, had the arm amputated last Friday.

Belvidere has a sensation. A fellow of that place, being arrested on complaint of his wife for beating her, at the examination charged about a dozen of the "prominent citizens" of the place with being too intimate with his spouse. The woman withdrew her charge.

The Newton Steamer Company last week elected the following officers: Henry C. Bonnell, Foreman; R. F. Goodman, Asst. Foreman; C. D. Steele, Engineer; C. M. Woodruff, Assist. Engineer; Geo. Demarest, 2d Assist. Engineer; F. Loges, 3d Assist. Engineer; W. S. Layton, Stoker; W. Myers, *Assist. Stoker;* I. L. Hallock, *Secretary;* C. K. Foster, Treasurer. The members of Kittatinny Hose Co. re-elected Geo. Vangilder, Foreman, and Edward Wilkinson, Assist. Foreman.

Y. M. C. A. State Convention.

The Tenth Annual Convention of the Y. M. C. A. of New Jersey, will meet at Plainfield, 17th and 18th insts. The topics for *discussion are:*

1. Are reading rooms and the usual appliances of Young Men's Christian Associations essential to the prosecution of practical Association work?

2. *The relation* and duty of local Associations to the State work?

3. To what extent should our Associations engage in temperance work?

4. What should be the character of the literature circulated by our Association?

All evangelical churches, in places where no Associations exist, are cordially invited to send their pastor and two of their most active young men as delegates. Among the eminent speakers engaged to address the convention are the following: Rev. William Lloyd, of New York city; Rev. H. M. Sanderg of Yonkers, N. Y.; Rev. C. Y. Swan, of Newark. The following prominent Y. M. C. A. workers will also attend: R. C. Morse and R. R. McBurney, of New York; Nelson K. Evans, of Philadelphia; L. D. Wishard, of Princeton College, and H. B. Chamberlain, of Syracuse, N. Y. Preparations are being made for the reception of a large delegation, and it is confidently expected that this will be the largest Y. M. C. A. Convention ever held in New Jersey.

SUCCASUNNA.

The Good Templars of this place will hold a public meeting on this—Saturday—evening to which all are invited who may choose to attend. The exercises will consist of speaking, recitations, singing and music by the Succasunna band. The meeting to be held in the lodge room—Corwin's Hall.

Mr. Robert Wallace has remodeled his house adjoining the residence of Dr. J. Riches, making it a roomy and respectable looking building. The residence of Mr. R. C. Shaw is being improved considerably in appearance

The new store of Mr. Vannier is doing a pretty lively business, I'm told; and Mrs. M. A. Todd's millinery and dressmaking establishment is receiving a generous patronage. Mrs. Todd makes it a point to please her customers, both as regards goods, work and prices. Among those who succeed in winning popularity, Philip Reuel may be counted in, and *it is gratifying to call on him* occasionally.

The Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of this county held their convention at *Morristown* on Wednesday, and was organized by the selection of Mr. Geo. E. Righter, of Hanover, for President, and Mr. L. T. Janes, of Madison, for Secretary.

Upon the call for nominations for State Senator, Boonton presented the name of Wm. Hillard, of Chester, which was endorsed by most of the other townships. Morris nominated Jas. C. Youngblood, but afterward withdrew it, and Mr. Hillard received the nomination by acclamation amid enthusiasm.

Nominations being called for Surrogate, Morris presented the name of E. E. Willis, of Boonton, the incumbent of the office, and his nomination was also made by acclamation.

On motion a Committee was appointed to bring the nominees and Mr. Youngblood before the Convention, and pending their appearance resolutions were *adopted* deprecating the raising of money by tax for the State to loan on mortgage, and favoring the abolition of the State tax in order to limit State expenditures to the income of the *General Fund.*

Mr. Hillard in a brief speech accepted the nomination, and while he pledged himself to do all he could to be elected, said he would not expend one dollar to obtain the office, and urged his friends not to do so for him.

Mr. Willis in accepting the nomination pledged himself to do all he could for the whole ticket, and was followed by Mr. Youngblood, who made an earnest speech.

The following were chosen members of the County Executive Committee, to which three members at large will be added.

First District—Chas. L. Chovey, Wm. H. Howell.

Second District—Wm. G. Lathrop, Thos. Bright.

Third District—Columbus Beach, John C. Welch.

After a few remarks by the Chairman the Convention adjourned.

Decidedly Absent Minded.

A lady and her daughter, of this place, after carefully locking up the house the other day, went out nutting. On returning home and opening the door, the mother placed the key in its accustomed place on the inside of the door. Feeling a little fatigued by this excursion they sat down upon the steps outside to enjoy the cool afternoon breeze, closing the door they had just entered. *After enjoying themselves in this way* for a short time the mother felt in her pocket for the key to open the door with, and not finding it, of course, exclaimed, "I've lost the key! whereupon the two started out in search of it. As a matter of course their efforts were *fruitless,* and *after a vain quest* of an hour they returned, wondering how they could gain admittance to their domicile. It was finally proposed that the daughter should try and get in at the window. Not being a very agile climber, it was with much difficulty she succeeded, with her mother's assistance, in accomplishing the feat, and then only to learn how unnecessary it was, for then she saw the key in the door and the door unlocked.

PORT MORRIS.

The Anniversary Services of the M. E. Church will be held here in the School house and church combined on Sunday next the 14th inst. These annual services are always very interesting and this year they promise to be unusually so. Rev. C. A. Little, of Hackettstown, who was the first pastor, for too brief a season, has promised to preach in the afternoon. Dr. King, Tom Kenan, Garret Garrabrant of your city, the genial boss blacksmith at Dover Car Shops, Hon. John Hill, of Boonton, and others are expected to be present, and take part in the exercises of the day. The following order of exercises will be observed: Prayer meeting at 9 A. M. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. by Rev. C. A. Little, of Hackettstown.

The afternoon services will consist of addresses by *visitors* and *resident members,* and those of the evening will probably be of the same character. The public is respectfully invited to attend.

The congregation of St. Michael's church, *(Catholic), are going to have an oyster supper* in Drake's Hall, South Stanhope, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, 16th, 17th and 18th insts., for the benefit of Father Oram.

The lovers of this festive fruit will find it in any style to suit their tastes and the ladies and gentlemen of that congregation know how to get up a first-class oyster supper. I hope they will have a large attendance. Mrs. John Roberts, who fell out of a wagon at Mount Olive, some three weeks ago was buried from the residence of Mr. Salmon of that place, Thursday. She has not been well enough since the the accident to bear removal home. Mrs. John Pierson *of Shipmanport, died Thursday morning* at her residence at that place.

Officer Bay and another officer, whose name I did not learn, made a raid on us Wednesday and took Arthur Force and Wm. Shawger, brakemen, and John Deremer, Jacob Vannatta and Dick Robertson firemen to Morristown, to give them an introduction to Judge Dalrymple.

This makes nine of the boys who have been indicted by the grand jury for conspiracy and interfering with the running of trains on the road, or something to that effect Messrs. Force & Deremer, came back Thursday afternoon before the court on the 29th inst., for trial. I presume Shawger, Robinson and Vanatta will be out on bail before this is published. Jacob Vanatta is a nephew as well as a namesake of Hon. Jacob Vanatta, *ex-Attorney General* of the State.

The Republican Nominees.

Wm. Hillard, Esq., of Chester township, the Republican nominee for Senator, resides near Peapack and is a very intelligent and much respected farmer. He was formerly a Democrat, but for some years past has acted with the Republicans. More recently he has been identified with the Tax Reform movement and has been one of the promoters of the organization in this county. He is a thoroughly honest man and if elected will no doubt make a good Senator.

Mr. E. E. Willis, who has been re-nominated for Surrogate, is too well known to need an extended notice from us. For five years he has performed the duties of the office in such satisfactory manner as to guarantee a careful discharge of them in the event of his re-election.

We believe that the candidates selected by both parties are thoroughly honest and efficient men, and we sincerely hope that we may have one campaign in Morris County free from personal abuse and vituperation.

The "greenbackers" in Warren County claim to be over 2,000 strong.

Letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Dover, N. J.

OCTOBER 12th, 1877.

L. G. Brown,	H. M. Gillain,
John T. Hulbert,	Elizabeth Ivey,
Peter Jacobus,	E. McKernon,
Timothy Losey,	Anna Muston,
Samuel T. Smith,	Richard Williams.

To obtain any of the above letters say "advertised" and give date of this list.

A. BEEMER, P. M.

MARRIED.

SALMON—GARDNER—At Maplewood, N. J., October 3d, 1877, by the Rev. S. Sproul, Mr. LEWIS H. SALMON, of Hackettstown, and Miss EMILY M. GARDNER, of the former place.

DIED.

DEAN—At Hurdtown, Sept. 28th, 1877, EVA JANE, daughter of William and Mary Dean, aged five months.

NOLAN—Near Hurdtown, October 5th, 1877, EVA, daughter of William and Phebe J. Nolan aged 3 years and 2 months.

WILLIAMS—At Denville, Sept. 25th, 1877, WALLACE WILLIAMS, aged two months and ten days.

BALL—At Mt. Hope, September 25th, 1877, RUFUS C. BALL, aged 1 year and 1 month.

BLAKELY—At Hibernia, Sept. 25th, EDWARD J. BLAKELY, aged 1 year and 8 months.

WESTFALL—At Dover, September 29th, 1877, MARY A. WESTFALL, aged 27 years.

MILKINS—At Parsippany, October 2d, 1877, JAMES MILKINS, aged 54 years.

CAMPBELL—At Rockaway, October 8th, 1877, WM. J. CAMPBELL, aged 9 months.

BRUEN—At Rockaway, October 8th, 1877, CHARLES D. BRUEN, aged two years and eleven months.

BIDGOOD—At Mt. Hope, October 9th, 1877, LAURA L. BIDGOOD, aged one year and two months.

ORR—On the 29th of July, at Irondale, LIZZIE M., only daughter of Andrew G. and Mary A. Orr, aged four months and eight days.

Thou wilt slumber on thou loved one,
In thy bed so dark and deep,
The Angels they will watch thee
In thy long and dreary sleep.

Thou wilt slumber on my baby
Until the night be o'er,
Until the last bright morning,
When night be known no more;

Until the last Archangel
With his trumpet shall awake
The dead who are within their graves,
And all the earth shall quake.

Then at the Resurrection
I shall my darling meet,
But oh! what glorious rapture
When first I do her greet.

When I leave this world of sorrow,
If God to me is nigh,
I shall meet my darling baby
Above the starry sky.

I once possessed a jewel
As bright as e'er was found;
But to-night our once loved diamond
Sleeps in the cold, cold ground.

I fancy I see those bright blue eyes
And the look which once they gave,
But those eye-lids are closed forever,
They're slumbering in the grave.

The dimpled cheeks and loving smile
I can never see them more;
But to-night our little Lizzie
Is an Angel on Jordan's bright shore.

There's naught can fill the vacancy,
My heart toward her yearns;
But to-night my little Baby
Is safe in Jesus arms.

FRESH PORK AND **HOME MADE SAUSAGE**

AT REDUCED PRICES.

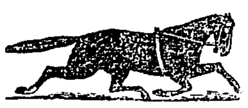
FRANK COX'S EMPIRE MARKET,

WARREN St., NEAR THE DEPOT.

1862. 1877.

D. S. BRINK,

Morristown, N. J.



now offers to the public a large stock of

Buffalo, Wolf, and Lap Robes,

for the FALL and WINTER trade. Also a fine assortment of

HORSE BLANKETS.

All of the above goods having been bought for CASH allows me not to be undersold.

N. B.—Clark's Best Horse Clipper for sale.

D. S. BRINK.

Morristown, Oct. 12th, 1877. 44-4m

1877. 1877.

P. H. HOFFMAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

FALL FASHIONS.

NEW FALL GOODS.

All Styles Striped and Plaid Suitings,
All New Styles Cassimeres,
All kinds of Beavers for OVERCOATS,
All kinds English and French Cloths,
All New Goods at the LOWEST PRICES,
All kinds of Cassimeres from 75c. to $10,
All Garments made to order and warranted.
All who want GOOD FITS,
All who want good goods at the CHEAPEST RATES,
All should give me a call.

Recognizing the demand for CHEAP CLOTHING, I have added largely to my stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Nice Stripe Suits from	- -	$8 00 to $20 00
Good Overcoats "	- -	5 00 to 25 00
Good Pantaloons "	- -	1 00 to 10 00

Also, a Full Line of
CARDIGAN JACKETS,
UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, HOSIERY.

And all articles pertaining to a Gentleman's Wardrobe.

The subscriber hereby tenders his thanks to his numerous customers for their very liberal patronage in the past, and hopes by fair dealing, moderate charges, and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

P. H. HOFFMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Morristown, October 1st, 1877.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL UNION BANK of Dover, at Dover, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business on the 1st day of October, 1877.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts,	$192,051.60
Overdrafts,	137.02
U. S. Bonds, to secure Circulation,	50,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents,	31,076.39
Due from other National Banks,	489.11
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures,	46,800.00
Premiums paid,	8,000.00
Checks and other Cash Items,	876.10
Bills of other National Banks,	4,485.00
Fractional Currency, (including nickels)	191.07
Specie, viz:—Gold Coin,	409.10
" " Silver "	1,448.45
Legal Tender Notes,	18,218.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,250 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than five per cent. redemption fund,	1,000.00
TOTAL,	352,781.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	200,000.00
Surplus Fund,	23,000.00
Undivided profits,	461.87
Circulating notes outstanding,	45,000.00
Dividends unpaid,	4,146.00
Individual deposits subject to check	75,920.25
Demand certificates of deposit,	401.00
Certified checks,	283.90
Cashier's checks outstanding	27.78
Due to other National Banks,	3,541.54
	35_,781.74

STATE of New Jersey, County of Morris, } ss.

I, Jay S. Treat, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JAY S. TREAT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this eighth day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM T. LEPORT, Notary Public of New Jersey.

CORRECT—Attest,
HENRY McFARLAN,
C. BEACH,
I. B. JOLLEY, } Directors.

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Morris, made on the 3d day of September, 1877, the subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of John Stites, dec'd, will sell at public sale, on

SATURDAY, November 17th, 1877,

between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Rockaway, in said County of Morris and State aforesaid, being the same land and premises which was conveyed to James H. Miller by James Blanchard and wife, by deed dated October 2d, 1866, and recorded in the *Morris County Record of Deeds,* Book A 7, on page 47, &c., and being part of a tract of land which the said James Blanchard purchased of John McCarty and wife, by deed dated March 25th, 1864, and recorded in the Morris County Record of Deeds, in Book D 4, page 603, containing about one-third of an acre of land, more or less. Being the whole of the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate whereof said John Stites died seized in said County.

Conditions will be made known on day of sale by

JAMES VREELAND, Executor.

Dated Sept. 4th, 1877. 44-5w

NEIGHBOUR & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Cor. Blackwell and Sussex Sts.
DOVER, N. J.
F. H. NEIGHBOUR. A. C. SMITH.

"THAT HUSBAND OF MINE"

SAVES 10 PER CENT. BY BUYING THE

NEW PATENT PROCESS FLOUR

SOLD BY

Wm. J. COOPER, GROCER,

Park Place, Morristown, N. J.

If you wish a SPLENDID ARTICLE and one that will give SATISFACTION EVERY TIME, ORDER AT ONCE.

You will not only find it a benefit but a pleasure to use this FLOUR. Every barrel warranted. Don't forget to try it. Sold by

Wm. J. COOPER, GROCER,

Park Place, Morristown, N. J.

NEW HONEY, TRENTON SAUSAGE,

Cape Cod Cranberries, Fine Table Apples,

Malaga Grapes, Porto Rico Oranges,

French Peas, Truffles, Mushrooms,

Parmesan Cheese, Old English Cheese.

GAME IN SEASON.

I am satisfied that a careful inspection of my stock will convince any one that my claim for SUPERIOR GOODS is merited.

Wm. J. COOPER, Grocer,

Park Place, Morristown, N. J.

Morristown, October 6th, 1877. 43-5w

SHERIFF'S SALE!

New Jersey Supreme Court, Morris County, Sylvanus D. Budd vs. John Parliment and Jane Parliment. *Fi. fa. de bon. et ter.* In case. Returnable to November Term A. D. 1877.

VAN BLARCOM & COCHRAN, Att'ys.

BY virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue, at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, the 12th day of NOVEMBER next, A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises, situate, lying and *being in the township of Mount Olive,* in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey, butted and bounded as follows: Beginning at a corner made for Edward Mooney one chain and eighty links from the south-east corner of Sarah Mooney lot; thence in the line of Chas. Salmon's first north eighty-six and one-quarter degrees east eleven chains and forty-nine links to a corner of Lewis Hulse; thence along Hulse's line north three degrees west twelve chains and six links to the centre of the road and in a line of Theo. Boss; thence along Boss's line south seventy-eight degrees west eleven chains and fifty-two links to a corner of Edward Mooney's; thence south six and one-half degrees east five chains to a heap of stones by the side of the road leading from Lewis Hulse to Stephen Youngs; thence south twenty-two degrees west four chains and ninety links to a little iron wood tree marked for a corner; thence south twenty degrees east one chain and seventy links to a heap of stones in *Charles Salmon's line* the place of beginning, containing about fifteen acres, be the same more or less. Being the same premises conveyed to the said Jane C. Parliament by deed from John D. Budd, dated Nov. 19th, 1874, and recorded in the Morris County record of deeds, book I 9, pages 593, &c.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated July 19th, 1877. Pr. fs. $7.20

NOTICE

of the nomination of Commissioners by Freeman Wood, Esq., a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Morris.

NOTICE is hereby given that on application, to me by Holloway W. Hunt, one of the heirs at law of Amanda H. Hunt, deceased, of the township of Washington, in the County of Morris, and State of New Jersey, who claims an undivided one-fourth part of all those three tracts of land; hereinafter described, situate, lying and being in the Township, County and State aforesaid.

THE FIRST TRACT is situate on Schooley's Mountain, adjoining lands of Jacob A. Middleswarth and others, and contains two hundred and eight acres more or less, and known as the Swackhammer farm.

THE SECOND TRACT joins the aforesaid described land, and land of L. H. Hunt, Thomas Kinneman and others, and contains forty-four acres more or less.

THE THIRD TRACT is a wood lot and joins lands of Henry Johnson, D. A. Crowell and others, and contains twelve acres more or less. The said three tracts of real estate being a part of the real estate formerly of Mary Hance, deceased, and conveyed by her by deed to the said Amanda H. Hunt, dec'd. I have nominated Joseph Heath, William Dellicker and Wm. W. Marsh, Commissioners to divide the said tracts of land into four equal shares or parts, and unless proper objections are stated to me at my office in Dover on the twelfth day of November next, the said Joseph Heath, Wm. Dellicker and Wm. W. Marsh, will then be appointed Commissioners to make partition of the said land pursuant to an act entitled "An act for the more easy partition of lands held by coparcenus joint tenant and tenants in *common.*"

Given under my hand this eighth day of October, 1877.

FREEMAN WOOD,
Judge C. C. Pleas.

44-5w.

5,000 sold! Agents making $30 to $80 a week!

MORE AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

CROSS and the CRESCENT

The thrilling History of Russ and Turk for 200 years. A wild story of Bloodshed and Fanaticism, the strife for power and creed. By the popular historian, Dr. L. P. BROCKETT. *Describes their peculiar Religious,* Social, and Political customs; their Rulers and Generals, causes of this war, weighty interests at stake, etc. 600 pp. Rich Ill's. Only $2.50.

OUR BIBLES have 2,000 Ill's, and far excel all others in quality and quick sale. Prices just reduced 25 per cent.!!! Send for full particulars. HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., *Philadelphia,* Pa. 44-4w

FOR RENT CHEAP.

The Canal Store and Stables near the guard lock, Dover. This is an old, established canal business stand and is always sure of a good trade. Apply to

34-tf SAMUEL COSS, Dover, N. J.

ARNDT

THE POPULAR

SUSSEX St. GROCER,

has an unexampled stock of

Groceries and Provisions,

CANNED GOODS,

Foreign and Domestic FRUITS,

Vegetables,

and everything else pertaining to the trade. Only saleable goods kept and everything sold upon correct representations.

SUSSEX St., near the Corner of BLACKWELL,
43-6m p DOVER, N. J.

WM. HARRIS,

WATCH MAKER and JEWELER,

Sussex Street,

(OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE.)

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.

Repairing cheaply done and warranted.

Mrs. M. A. TODD,

Milliner and Dressmaker,

SUCCASUNNA, N. J.,

keeps constantly on hand the freshest patterns of millinery, dress and fancy goods, and is prepared to do all kinds of

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKING WORK

in the LATEST STYLES promptly and satisfactorily. The ladies of Succasunna and vicinity are invited to call and examine her STOCK AND PRICES.

FALL FASHIONS OUT!

MME. DEMOREST'S

"Portfolio,"
"What to Wear,"
and "Magazine."

Assortment of Patterns. Send for catalogue.

W. S. BABBITT, Morristown.

WANTED, FOR CASH,

RAGS, PAPER, OLD BOOK STOCK,

LEAD, COPPER, BRASS, &c.

AT

MICHAEL WELSE'S,

BLACKWELL St., DOVER, N.

Address by mail 1tf

Adjourned Sheriff's Sale!

In Chancery of New Jersey. *Fi. fa. for sale of* mortgaged premises. Wherein Samuel Trimmer is complainant, and William H. Sharp and Caroline C. his wife, Addie D. Hager, Guardian of Mary Hager and Lydia Hager (infants,) Nellie E. Topping, Administratrix of Theodore Topping, deceased, Theodore Allen and Jonathan Allen, are defendants. Returnable to February Term, A. D. 1877.

NEIGHBOUR & SMITH, Sol'rs.

The sale on behalf of the above-named parties, is adjourned to take place at the UNITED STATES HOTEL, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, Nov. 5th,

A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated July 31st, 1877. 44-4w

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO VISIT THE

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE

IN MORRIS COUNTY.

BABBITT & TROXELL,

NEXT TO IRON BANK, MORRISTOWN.

GEO. FEDER,

Clothier and Merchant Tailor.

My stock of clothing embraces suits from a child to a man, which I have with great pains managed to secure so low as to SELL VERY ADVANTAGEOUSLY in these hard times. MY PRICES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

CASSIMERE SUITS, from	$7 to $14
DIAGONAL COATS and VESTS, from	9 to 18
CASSIMERE PANTS from	2 to 5
CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS, "	8 to 17
DIAGONAL OVERCOATS, "	9 to 14
YOUTHS' SUITS, from	6 to 15
BOY'S SUITS, "	4 to 12
CHILDREN'S SUITS, from	2 to 8

A LARGE STOCK OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PIECE GOODS

of all grades and materials. Strict attention is paid to my Custom Department, and I will guarantee a good fit or no sale, and defy competition throughout the season. I have also on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Remember I sell a good, warm undershirt for 35 cents. A full stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' HATS and CAPS just arrived. I earnestly invite the public to come to the old stand, NEXT TO THE POST OFFICE, and be clothed from head to foot for very little money, by

GEORGE FEDER,

Dover, May 11th, 1877. BLACKWELL St., DOVER, N. J.

DON'T BUY RASHLY

BUT DROP IN AT

BAKER & BEEMER'S

AND SEE THE NEW STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

they have just received for SPRING and SUMMER, comprising everything new and desirable for ladies wear. A complete new stock of

DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

TEAS,	CANNED FRUITS,	CROCKERY,
SUGARS,	VEGETABLES,	FISH,
SPICES,	DRIED MEATS,	BOOTS,
COFFEES,	SALT PORK,	SHOES,

Always a fine stock of FINE GROCERIES. PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

FALL AND WINTER SEASON, 1877-8.

CLOTHING!

Retailing at Wholesale Prices.

PRICES MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

ONE PRICE. C. O. D.

We sell Clothing at LOWER PRICES and give MORE VALUE for the money than any retail concern in New York, as we MANUFACTURE ALL OUR GOODS, and you have the advantage of buying them at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Our GOODS ARE THE BEST and our prices positively the LOWEST IN THE CITY.

Please take notice that our GOODS are NEW, FASHIONABLY CUT, WELL MADE and equal in every respect to Custom Work, and made up expressly for New York City Retail Trade.

Before buying elsewhere be sure and give us a call. It will certainly pay you.

Remember we are UP STAIRS, entrance on Broadway, North-west Corner of Grand St., and Broadway.

HIRSHKIND, PARKER & CO.,

463, 465, 467 BROADWAY,

CORNER GRAND STREET. UP STAIRS.

LARGE WHITE MARBLE BUILDING, Covered with Blue Signs,

Open Saturday Nights until 9 o'clock.

TAKE DOWN OUR ADDRESS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

H. P. SANDERSON,

dealer in WAGON and CARRIAGE WOOD WORK, OPPOSITE DOVER DEPOT.

WHEELS, as low as $8.50 per set. All kinds of FINE COLORS for carriage and wagon painting. Also OILS and VARNISH, both Foreign and Domestic. TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, etc. Paint, Coloring and Varnish Brushes and Striping Pencils, a full stock.

All of the above goods from the best makers known by painters. FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE and SLEIGH ORNAMENTS.

Having had a large experience formerly as a carriage builder, from a knowledge of it I have advantages over any other dealer.

THE SUCCASUNNA

Stove and Tin Ware Store,

CORWIN'S HALL BUILDING,

SUCCASUNNA, N. J.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Succasunna and surrounding country, that he has established a store and tin ware establishment at the above stand. The stock of goods consisting of the latest and most improved

PARLOR & KITCHEN STOVES,

RANGES and HEATERS, have just been put in, and are consequently the VERY NEWEST in DESIGN. ROOFING, PLUMBING and JOBBING, at the lowest HARD-PAN Prices. *Our stock of tin ware of every description is* also new, and cheap. Call and see our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

JOS. J. CORWIN.

Succasunna, N. J., Oct. 21st, 1875. 49

WHITLOCK'S HALL

COR. BLACKWELL & MORRIS Sts.,

DOVER, N. J.,

HAS been put in order for the season and, will be Let for

Concerts, Lectures, Exhibitions

and Entertainments of various kinds. The Hall is large, well seated with comfortable chairs, and may be had at reasonable terms.

Apply to WHITLOCK & LEWIS,
41tf in the building.

BEATTY PIANO, ORGAN, best. Look! startling! See! Organs, 12 stops $55. Pianos only $130, cost $650. Cir. Free. DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.
44-4w

Once Tried, Always Used!

PHŒNIX PACKING.

Self-Lubricating, Non-Frictional, Exceedingly Pliable, Very Durable!

Adapted for all kinds of Engines, and Hot and Cold Water Pumps, etc., etc.

THE principal lubricators used in this packing are Oline Compound and Plumbago. All sizes manufactured in Rope Form from one-eighth to three inches, varying by 1-8 in. put up in coils of 50 to 150 lbs. for shipment.

Prices, Gum Core $1,00 and Hemp Core 50 cents per pound.

Directions for Using the Packing.—Break joints, screw up the gland sufficient to shape the packing to the box. When it begins to leak run the nuts back until the leak stops, thereby allowing it to expand. Never run with tight compression.

Also, Rubber Hose of all sizes and qualities, Rubber Belting, Tubing, Steam Packing, Anti-Rattlers, Fruit Jar Rings, Wringer Rolls, Grain Drill Tubes, Drake Tubing, etc.

Represented by JAMES DOLAND, Ag't.,
Sept. 22, 1877. DRAKEVILLE, N. J.

$55 to $77 A WEEK TO AGENTS.

$10 OUTFIT FREE.

P. O. VICKERY,

4-1y AUGUSTA, MAINE.

AGENTS WANTED!

FOR PARTICULARS, ADDRESS

Wilson Sewing Machine Co.

829 Broadway, New York city;
Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La.;
44-4w or San Francisco, Cal.

THE IRON ERA.

SATURDAY, OCT. 13th, 1877.

LOCAL NEWS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 WK.	2 WKS.	3 WKS.	1 MO.
1 Inch.	$ 75	$ 1 25	$ 1 50	$ 1 75
2 "	1 25	2 00	2 50	3 50
3 "	1 75	2 75	3 50	4 50
4 "	2 25	3 50	4 50	5 50
5 "	2 75	4 25	5 50	6 50
¼ Column.	3 50	5 25	7 00	8 50
½ "	4 50	6 50	8 00	10 00
¾ "	5 50	8 00	10 25	12 50
1 "	10 00	15 00	19 00	22 00

SPACE.	2 MOS.	3 MOS.	6 MOS.	1 YR.
1 Inch.	$ 3 50	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
2 "	5 00	6 50	10 00	17 00
3 "	6 50	9 00	14 00	22 00
4 "	8 00	11 00	18 00	27 00
5 "	10 00	13 00	21 00	30 00
¼ Column.	12 50	16 25	25 50	35 00
½ "	15 00	19 00	29 50	45 00
¾ "	18 50	25 00	37 50	55 00
1 "	32 00	41 00	65 00	180 00

PERCENTAGE ADDED FOR EXTRAS. LOCAL NOTICES 15 CENTS PER LINE.

D. L. & W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

FROM DOVER GOING WEST:

Through Mail, 9.25 A. M.; Oswego Express, 2.55 A. M.; Easton Express, 1.53 P. M.; Easton Express, 6.39 P. M.; Oswego Express, 6.57 P. M.; Hackettstown Express, 7.20 P. M.; Harrisburg Special, 10.35 P. M.

FROM DOVER GOING EAST:

Harrisburg Special, 4.14 A. M.; Dover Express, 7.00 A. M.; Hackettstown Mail, 7.32 A. M.; Easton Express, 8.42 A. M.; Binghampton Express, 2.07 P. M.; Through Mail, 2.47 P. M.; *Syracuse Express*, 3.03 P. M.; *Easton Accommodation*, 8.27 P. M.

CHESTER BRANCH.

WESTWARD. A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. A. M.	P. M.
10.57	6.55	Chester	6.50	3.55
10.47	6.47	Horton	6.56	4.15
10.37	6.42	Ironia	7.00	4.20
10.27	6.37	Succasunna	7.06	4.40
10.17	6.28	McCalmuth	7.08	4.50
10.08	6.28	M. & E. Junct'n	7.12	5.05
10.05	6.25	Port Oram	7.15	5.10
10.00	6.20	Dover	7.20	5.25

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

HIGH BRIDGE BRANCH.

UP TRAINS. A. M.	P. M.	DOWN TRAINS A. M.	P. M.
8.45	4.00	New York,	9.50	6.55
7.30	3.30	Philadelphia,	10 20	8.10
10.55	6.10	High Bridge,	7.43	4.40
11.18	6.37	Califon,	7.27	4.19
11.32	6.36	Middle Valley,	7.16	4.06
11.47	6.47	German Valley,	7.07	3.55
11.53	6.53	Naughright,	7.01	3.52
12.02	6.58	Bartley,	6.55	3.22
12.09	7.03	Flanders,	6.46	3.18
12.26	7.15	Kenvil,	6.35	2.55
12.40	7.25	Pott Oram,	6.25	2.30

Weekly Statement of Iron Ore

PASSING THE HACKETTSTOWN SCALES, VIA M. & E. R. R. TO PENNSYLVANIA, FOR THE WEEK ENDING THURSDAY EVENING, Oct, 11th, 1877.

STATIONS FROM.	TONS. CWT.
Rockaway	1,238 18
Charlor R. R. (Horton r, Corwin's, Succasunna, Vanatta and Chester Junction Stations,)	497 02
Port Oram	933 02
Dover	9 04
Waterloo,	143 00
Total	2,711 06

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

Bargains in Fall skirts at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

Mrs. D. Hunt, of this place, is building a residence at Andover.

Work has been resumed at Riggs' forge, Milton, and platform scales built near it.

Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Children's underwear, at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

Geo. McMullen, of Mt. Olive, has been arrested for assault and battery on Thomas Flood.

If you want a good livery turn-out, speak about it to Frank Cox, at the Stickle House Stables.

Persons in want of Dress Goods should examine the stock of W. S. Babbitt, Morristown.

There have been about 3,000 visitors at Washington's Headquarters, Morristown, *this season.*

Jacob Vannatta has been appointed a member of the Democratic State Central Committee.

The heavy rain of Monday night raised the Rockaway higher than it has been for several years.

The Common Council Meeting was not held on Monday evening, because of the absence of a quorum.

The new ice house at Greenwood Lake is nearly completed. It is 200x250 feet, and fifty feet high.

It is said that the saloons in Morristown that have been selling beer without license are all indicted.

Flannels and blankets in larger stock and lower prices in the county, at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

Chas. Pouny, *of Rockaway*, was arrested last week for having stolen $15 from the promises of Aaron Kanouse, in March last.

A revival season is in progress at the Clinton School House, at Newfoundland at which there have been about *twenty-five conversions.*

Religious services are held every Sabbath afternoon at the Morris Plains Asylum. A choir composed of attendants and patients leads the singing.

The Randolph delegates to the Republican County Convention were W. E. Drake, Jas. P. Carroll, Ed. S. Hance, Frank H. Lindsley and Fred. H. Beach.

The villagers at Columbia in this county, met last week and changed the name to Afton. Seventy-five years ago the place was known as Hoppingtown.

Morristown has the champion stone thrower. His name is Trowbridge, and he has just been arrested for breaking 168 panes of glass out of an unoccupied house.

The late Rev. Edward Allen who died recently at *Hartford, Pa.*, was 95 years old. He was pastor of the Newfoundland Presbyterian Church when it was built, in 1818.

The depot at Greenwood Lake will be on the land of Gideon S. Bradner. Mr. Bradner gives the right of way, *also one* acre of land, for the privilege of having the depot.

Alexander Johnson, Esq., of this place, was incarcerated in the civil bastile at Morristown last week merely because he got as drunk as some Morristowners *do when they* come to Dover.

The season for eating fresh pork and sausage has arrived, and Frank Cox, ever ready to meet the wants of the people has an unlimited stock of both, at reduced prices, at his meat market.

Two fine robes were stolen from John M. Knight's carriage house, at Stanhope, on Saturday evening, worth some forty dollars. One was a handsome wolf robe, and the other a fine Buffalo robe.

A little child of Mr. Weed fell down one of the shafts of the Copperas Mine on Green Pond Mountain, on Sunday, 30th ult., and was probably instantly killed. The body was no found till Thursday.

The people of the Church at Port Morris will hold their anniversary to-morrow, when services will be held morning, afternoon and evening. Well known railroad Christian workers and others will be present, and a season of great religious profit is anticipated.

Examine two-button kid gloves for 50 cts. at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

Four fire extinguishers are to be purchased for Resolute Truck, of Morristown.

Cashmere Serges in double and single widths, at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

Hon. Jacob Vannatta has been made Chairman of the Democratic State Committee.

The horse epidemic in the neighborhood of Madison is subsiding. In all sixteen animals have died.

Jas. Holmes, of Boonton, has purchased the farm of John Claas at Parsippany, containing 58 acres, for $8,000, cash.

Mr. John Morrison, while handling timber at the car shops yesterday morning, had his arm broken by a stick falling upon him.

James H. Neighbour, Esq., has this week been appointed by Chancellor Runyon one *of the Special Masters of the Court of* Chancery.

Mr. William H. Wyckoff, of German Valley, planted two potatoes last spring, from which he raised 69 lbs., a number of them weighing two pounds each.

W. S. Babbitt, of Morristown, has just received a select supply of new styles Mattelasse, Bison, Damasse and Fur Bison cloth, black and colors for cloaking.

Mr. John Cooper of Jacksonville, this county, exhibited six musk melons at the State Fair, which weighed 17 lbs. a piece, making a total weight of 102 lbs. He took the premium.

Ex-Mayor Mills, of Morristown, has a chicken seven months old which never had any feathers—in fact, is plucked as clean as a candidate for Congress after the politicians have got through with him.

On Friday evening E. S. Jolley's pony dropped dead from heart disease while being driven on Sussex avenue, Morristown. As the animal fell the buggy was overturned and two young ladies it contained thrown out.

There are light-fingered gentry about. One of them officiated at Mr. Jas. Ford's on Sunday evening, relieving the horse of the blanket while waiting in front of the house while the family were preparing for church.

Among a gang of forgers arrested in New York city on Thursday of last week was one Wm. H. Lyman who had upon his person a certificate of deposit from the National Iron Bank of Morristown, raised from $18.50 to $1,550.

Rev. Mr. Rooney will deliver his lecture "Early Days in California and Nevada," in the Hurdtown Church, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 23d. The time fixed will afford a pleasant moonlight drive to the people of this vicinity.

And now the Bulletin, after thoroughly lampooning Chester for putting forward so *many candidates for office, finds itself sup*porting a candidate from that township. Verily, politics, like misery, makes strange bed fellows.

Owing to the continued illness of the *miners in the Scranton coal region, but little* coal passes over the D., L. & W. Railroad. The boatmen on the Morris Canal, however, are busy in consequence, carrying Lehigh coal to market.

A prisoner remained in our damp lock-up from Saturday night last to Monday morning with no fire and no place to lie except the cold cement floor. Everybody disclaims responsibility for the affair, but it rests somewhere and was an outrage.

The Young People's Union of the Dover Presbyterian Church purpose giving an entertainment in the lecture room of that church on Wednesday evening, Oct. 24th, which promises to be one of the finest affairs of the season. Particulars next week.

While the men are anxious to know who will be the next Senator and Surrogate, the ladies are rejoicing that their greatest household troubls has been settled by the demonstration of the fact that Tompkin's soaps are the best, and they will now have none other.

The cellar of Rev. Pearce Rogers was entered by thieves on Saturday night last, who stole the Saturday's baking of the family, including eight loaves of bread and some cake, and compelling the inmates of the parsonage to depend upon their neighbors for their Sunday provender.

W. S. Babbitt, of Morristown, is exhibiting a very large and choice line of Fall and Winter shawls. Broche and Paisly dress shawls. Thibet in double and single, and Domestic double and single shawls for mourning. Imported and Domestic single and double blanket shawls.

Hugh Donnelly, a canal boatman, against whom there are several indictments was arrested by Detective Skinner at Rockaway last Saturday night. He was very pugnacious and would not come to terms till a revolver was fired at him. He was brought to Dover and taken to Morristown on Monday.

Last week two eels were caught in Nugent's pond, v hippany, one of which weighed nine pounds and the other 7½ pounds. The largest measured 10 inches around the centre of the body and was about four feet long. The largest was presented to Sheriff Freeman, and the smallest to Deputy Sheriff Cory.—Bulletin.

We publish the following simply because it happens to be true: At a communion service in Dover last Sabbath while the clergyman was breaking the bread, a recent comer to our town gravely remarked to a friend. "They give us bigger hunks than that up in York State." Thus are out thoughts diverted from things spiritual to things temporal.

The audience that listened to Rev. Dr. Higgin's lecture upon the "Merchant of Venice" on Friday evening of last week, *though not large was very appreciative*, and were generally pleased with the learned divine's exposition of this play of the great author of plays. The Dr. having recovered his health in a great measure is now prepar*ed* to make lecture engagements.

Rev. T. E. Davis, the new pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Fairmount, near Chester, met with quite a serious accident one day recently. He and a friend were thrown out of a *lumber* wagon by the falling out of a bolt and two wheels passed over each. Mr. Davis had an ankle severely injured which will trouble him for some months, and for a time prevent him attend*ing to his ministerial* duties.

During the severe storm on Monday night Plane street, Boonton, was terribly torn up by the rush of waters, washing great gulleys from a dozen to twenty feet in depth. The torrent must have been *terrible, for it* caused the lively imagination of the editor of the Bulletin to affirm that "boulders weighing hundreds of pounds were swept along as though they were feathers." If it would not destroy the *poetry of the sentence* we would very much like to substitute bars of pig iron for "feathers."

We have a splendid breech-loading double-barreled shot-gun that cost $175 and which has seen but little service. We were about to advertise it for sale this week, but a friend suggests the idea that we offer it as a prize to the individual who will return to us the largest number of new subscribers to the ERA by the 1st of January next. We don't think the hunting-grounds of Morris County are of a very "happy" nature, now that the ambition of our boyhood is only a remembrance, and having no use for the shooting-iron we will *dispose of it as above*, providing those who wish to enter for the prize will confer with us soon.

Chestnuts are said to be an enormous crop, and are retailing for a dime a quart.

Fifty-four inch Mattelasse cloth for polonaises, at W. S. Babbitt's, Morristown.

The longest drouth on record occurred in 1762, when there were 123 days in succession without rain.

Alfred Mills, Morristowr, and A. C. Smith, of Dover, will defend young Stewart in his approaching trial.

The schoolmaster is again abroad. A newspaper speaks of "medium" costumes being used in the Esther concert.

While some of our dealers have been ma*king a corner on segars it is said a certain* genius has been making a corner on girls.

Dr. Joseph Bonter, a well known young physician of Paterson, who died on the 29th ult., was buried at Oak Ridge on Wednesday *of last week.*

Mr. Campbell will bring out the Oratorio of Esther in Rockaway week after next, with characters by the excellent vocalists to be found in that vicinity.

Notwithstanding that Rev. W. H. Belden has accepted a call to Scranton, Pa., the people of his church at Branchville have refused to accept his resignation.

Mr. Jos. J. Losey, of Shonglum, last week took from beneath the floors of his house one hundred and forty pounds of honey which swarms of bees had there deposited during the Summer.

Maria Grasche, a Paterson patient in the State Insane Asylum at Morris Plains was jostled against by another patient on Monday and fell dead. She was very excitable, and it is supposed that she bursted a blood vessel.

Mrs. John Roberts, of Stanhope, who was injured some two weeks ago, by falling out of a wagon, is lying in a very critical condition and not expected to recover. This is again a warning to people to have the seats in wagons securely fastened.

Rev. J. Johns, pastor of Tabernacle M. E. Church, N. Y. City, formerly of Redruth, England, will deliver a lecture upon the subject of "Peter Cortwright, his Life and Work," in the Port Oram M. E. Church, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 23d. Admission 25 cents.

The drawings for prizes at St. Mary's Fair, which were to have been made on Monday evening last, were postponed by reason of the storm to this—Saturday—evening. The doors will be opened at 7 o'clock, and there will be three hours' dancing prior to the drawings.

Mr. Everett, the farmer upon the place of Mr. J. E. Vail, has raised this season eighteen bushels of onions from twelve feet square of ground. The patch chosen was the site of the old Brotherton slaughter house. The onions were of immense size, some of them measuring twelve and thirteen inches in circumference.

In another column will be found an article for the ladies on "Winter Gardening." It is from the pen of a gentleman well known as a writer for the press, and his familiar style we hope will be as pleasing to our subscribers as to others more remote. We think we can promise a series of articles from his pen upon subjects of a novel character of much interest hereabouts.

Look to Your Interest.

Every man or woman will buy goods where they can do the best. *It is natural*—it is human nature. The close times of the past few years has made it imperative for merchants to sell low to secure custom. Good goods and bottom prices rule the day. *That is just our motto, and if you want* bargains in boots and shoes call on Roderer & Heegan and see how well they can do for you. Opposite Depot.

Hurdtown.

The following arrived too late for publication last week:

The number of cases of diphtheria among the children of this place has greatly decreased since last week, for which great credit is due to our young, but growing popular physician, Dr. Bright, who has attended those several extreme cases.

The honorable young ladies who so willingly, cheerfully and freely rendered their services *to cleanse the church*, have been highly complimented for the marked improved appearance which the church now presents.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Lewis Hurd, *one of our* most prominent and well-known citizens, has been for several days suffering from bilious fever.

Mr. Wm. Nolan, who two weeks ago received in the mine a severe hurt in one of his legs, is, we are happy to hear, rapidly improving. We hope that our miners will hereafter observe the rules of the mine and not again ride on a loaded car, and thereby avoid a similar accident.

Rev. Thos. H. Smith, P. E., was with us last Sunday, and preached a timely, appropriate and interesting sermon, after which he administered the sacraments of Baptism and Lord's Supper. At the close of these services the following stewards, James Devore, Edward Allen and Noah Leaver, were appointed for the present Conference year.

Rev. S. B. Rooney, of Dover, will deliver his popular lecture, "Early Days in California and Nevada," in the Hurdtown M. E. Church, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 23d. Mr. Rooney was one of the pioneer preachers in those States in the early days of the mining excitement, and his narrative of his rough experience is most interesting. The proceeds will be for the *benefit of the* Church.

Mr. William Allen, our school teacher, who has been quite ill of late, we are glad to note is recovering. H.

The Iron Market.

The Engineering and Mining Journal says last week of American pig:

The improved business which we have reported for several weeks still continues although it does not show itself in large orders, but is confined to numerous small lots to general consumers, who are only supplying their immediate wants. The opinion that we have seen the bottom in the prices of iron is becoming more firmly seated. There is nothing, however, to indicate that we shall have a quick or large advance from present prices. If our ironmasters do not anticipate the future by *bringing into operation too* great a portion of our excessive productive capacity, by Spring a slight advance may be brought about. If prices were to rise too rapidly it would be a positive injury to the *trade, for it might, if* general business bore a healthy appearance, cause many furnaces with insufficient working capital to resume operations, and, should the market not take their iron, force prices to even a lower point *than has yet* been reached. Although a good healthy trade has been done so far this Fall, yet a lull must be expected during the Winter. Iron has not yet shown that improvement remarked in many other industries, yet no article will more surely feel the results of good crops and a general revival of manufacturing industries. Some of the better brands of iron are scarce and the prices of these are higher than they were a month or six weeks ago, but there is still plenty of good iron held at what may be called quite firm prices. We note for the week sales in small lots of about 1,000 of No. 1 Foundry at $18@20, and about 1,200 tons of No. 2 Foundry at $17@18. The following are fair quotations: No. 1 Foundry, $18@19; No. 2 Foundry, $17@18, and Forge, $16@17.

PROTECTION VS. INDEPENDENT.

FIRE LADDIES ON THE BALL FIELD AND AT THE BANQUET.

The fourth annual ball match and reunion of Independent Hose Company, of Morristown, and Protection Hook and Ladder Company, of Dover, occurred on Wednesday and in the order of rotation at Morristown. The whole company of the Protection having received a kind *invitation from* their friends the Independents, nearly all the members availed themselves of it, a number going by rail in the morning, but the main body in two band wagons with four-horse teams attached, furnished by Mr. Sam. Coss. Arriving at the hose house about half past twelve o'clock, our boys were made to feel at home by the cordial greetings of their old ball field rivals, and the appropriate inscriptions of welcome to be seen upon the exterior and interior of the building. The Independents had also invited as their guests members of the Fire Departments of Newark and Newton, and the Mayor, Common Council, Chief Engineer, Assistant Engineers, Foremen and Assistant Foremen of the Morristown Department. Among the visiting Firemen from other places we noticed Mr. R. F. Goodman, editor of the Sussex Register, and Assistant of the Newton Steamer, Mr. Benedict, Superintendent of the Newark bell tower, and Mr. Wm. Exall, of Union Truck.

At a little before 2 o'clock the two companies and their friends formed in line and *proceeded by the fife and drum corps of the* Independents, marched to the grounds that in times past have witnessed many hotly contested games between Dover and Morristown. A large number of people were present to witness the sport, which began by the Protections winning the choice and sending the Independents to the bat.

The contest, like the one which occurred between these companies on the same grounds two years ago, was close and intensely exciting from beginning to end. By some superb muffing on both sides in the first inning the Independents made four runs and the Protections five. The second inning was of the same character, only a little more so, the hose boys adding four and the truckmen nine to their score. The latter now had a clean lead of six runs and of course felt considerably elated—a feeling that was changed to one of considerable doubt a little later in the game. In the *third the* Morristown boys blanked the Doverites and tallied one; in the fourth they gave them but one and added two runs; in the fifth they again blanked the truck nine and crept up *another, while in the sixth they* treated them to another goose egg, and took the lead in the game by tallying five more. The game now stood 17 to 15 in favor of the Independents, and it began to look as if it was a decidedly bad afternoon for the Protection ball tossers. From this point to the finish there was a severe struggle for the mastery. In the seventh inning the Protections crept up one, but lost it in the eighth, at the conclusion of which the totals stood 19 to 17 in favor of the Independents.

As they entered upon the last inning the greatest excitement prevailed. By very fine playing the Protections succeeded in blanking their opponents for the first time, and went to the bat needing two runs to tie and three to win. R. J. Montague made a good hit and being followed by another from Richards succeeded in scoring his run. Cain next struck out and West was captured at first base by Mitchell and Hedden. In the meantime Richards had worked himself to third base. His run was needed to tie, and all interest centred in him. The catcher having dropped a ball Richards *started for home, and the Protections and* their friends almost shouted when they saw that his chances were good for making it, but their acclamations died on their tongues when he fell flat upon the ground within a *dozen feet of the* home base. In the meantime Mitchell, the pitcher, was upon the home base and Rodney rapidly fielded the ball to him, and the Independents for a moment felt joyful. But Mitchell also met with a mishap—the ball bounded from his hands a few feet away, and before he could recover it, Richards, who had not time to regain his feet, crawled on his hands and feet to the plate, and lay tapping it with his hands amid the greatest excitement. A moment after Groff went out, leaving the game a tie and another inning necessary to decide it. In the last inning the Independents were blanked again in one, two, three order, and the Protections by strong batting made seven runs, winning the hard fought game by a score of 26 to 19. The following score shows the runs and outs, the number of men each player put out, and the number of times each assisted:

PROTECTION.	R.	O.	P.	A.	INDEPENDENT.	R.	O.	P.	A.
Dickerson s.s.	5	1	1	4	Rodney, s.s.	2	4	9	4
Doty, c. f.	6	3	1	0	Quayle, 3d b.	3	0	1	0
Montague, l. f.	4	3	2	0	Balbitt, c. f.	2	4	1	1
Richards, 2d b.	2	2	11	1	Hendrickson, l. f.	3	2	3	0
Cain, r. f.	1	5	0	0	Mitchell, p.	2	3	2	4
West, 3d b.	3	2	2	2	Hoffman, 1st b.	1	2	8	0
Groff, 1st b.	1	4	9	0	Hedden, 2d b.	3	1	1	0
Williams, c.	2	6	4	1	Carroll, r. f.	2	5	0	0
Montague p	1	3	1	2	Van Fleet, c.	2	3	4	1
Total	26	30	30	10	Total	19	30	30	10

RUNS BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.
Protections,	4	5	0	1	0	0	2	9	2	7—26
Independents,	4	4	1	0	1	5	1	1	0	0—19

UMPIRE—J. H. Roach, of Vigilant Hose, of Dover. SCORER—W. P. Van Pelt, of J. B. Gibson.

After the game each company heartily cheered the other and the line of march was taken up for the hose house. Here a pleasant season was enjoyed in social converse, till about half-past six o'clock, when the large company again formed, and proceeded to Washington Hall, where occurred the grand event of the day, in which the scenes of the ball match were almost forgotten. The walls were tastily decorated with appropriate mottoes, and nearly the whole floor was covered with tables, on which was arranged by Day, the celebrated *caterer, one of* the finest edible "spreads" we ever noticed. At least two hundred people sat down to the banquet after an address of welcome by Foreman Lindsley of the Independents. And such a *meal no pen of ours* could ever describe. We can only recollect that a multitude of substantials and delicacies poured in upon us thick and fast, and that we commenced with boiled oysters and ended on frozen *cream and segars.* All were thoroughly hungry with the exertion and excitement of the afternoon, and the way fried oysters, fricasseed chicken, lobster salad and other dishes disappeared was a marvel. And yet *the supply* was more than equal to the demand, for when the last morsel, like Macbeth's amen, had stuck in our throat, unstinted quantities of savory things provokingly mocked us from the table. When the princely collation had at last been brought to a close Prof. J. Hill Warner presided at a piano on the stage, and regaled the company with some very fine vocal and instrumental selections. Then came an uninterrupted flow of wit for more than an hour, interspersed with occasional gleams of reason. Among those who responded to the calls made upon them for addresses were Foreman Lindsley, Chas. H. Green, "Judge" Atno, Chas Covert and others of Independent Hose; Foreman Gibson, Assistant Beach and J. S. Lampson, of the Protections; Chief Engineer Sayre, and Assistant Engineers Bonsall and Cooper of the Morristown Department; Foreman Lambert, of Vigilant Hose, of Dover; Messrs. J. V. Bentley and C. H. *Dalrymple, of the* Morristown Common Council; L. O. Stiles, of the Jerseyman; L. A. Vogt, of the Banner; B. H. Vogt, of the IRON ERA; Fire Warden Carroll; Foreman Stalter, of Niagara Steamer; Assistant Foreman of Resolute Truck, Mr. Benedict, of Newark and others.

At the conclusion of the speaking Foreman Lindsley presented the Protections with a splendid cake made by a lady friend of the Independents, elegantly iced and bearing the name and monogram of the Protections upon the surface. *Beautiful boquets were also* presented to the Foreman, Assistant, Captain of the ball nine and others of the Protections. Then followed more favors from Prof. Warner and the company rose from one of the finest *gatherings it has ever been our happy* lot to mingle with.

Again the line of march was taken up and proceeded around the park to the store of Mr. Wm. J. Cooper, one the Assistant Chief Engineers of the Department, where each received a fine Havana from the hands of the generous host. Then they continued to the house of Niagara Steamer and Resolute Truck, where a brief season was spent in inspecting the fine apparatus and cosy parlors. In the former the visitors were received by Foreman Stalter and in the latter by Assistant Freeman, who made them heartily welcome. Then the line was formed for the last time and marched back to the house of Independent Hose, where it broke up, and then followed a general intermingling, and a very pleasant hour, during which the visitors were treated with fine music by the orchestra of the Independents, interspersed with singing by Prof. Warner and others. About ten o'clock the good byes were reluctantly said, the teams brought out, and the Protections started for their home, mingling cheers with their hosts. Dover was reached a few minutes after twelve o'clock, and just in time to escape a drenching shower.

The day was one of genuine pleasure, and the festivities came to a conclusion unmarred *by a single unpleasant incident. We know* we speak the sentiment of Protection Hook and Ladder Company when we say that it will mark a red letter day in the history of that organization, the memory of which will *not soon be forgotten.* Generous to a fault and princely in their hospitality the Independents have a reputation as hosts that no fireman who has ever called upon them will undertake to impeach, and on this occasion it seemed as if they had made a special effort to outdo even themselves, and of course succeeded, and strengthened the fraternal feeling already so strong between them and their visitors. The Protections next year will perpetuate this annual custom by inviting the Independents to Dover—if not to play ball, then for some other sport—and will endeavor to show by their welcome how much they appreciated the generous entertainment afforded them during their visit to Morristown last Wednesday.

Morris County Courts

The Grand Jury came in on Tuesday at noon, having found fifty-one bills of indictment, and also the following *presentment:*

"To the Honorable Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Morris.

"The Grand Jurors empanneled at the present October Term, 1877, of the Courts of *said County, would respectfully represent to* the Court that the evidence in some CASE brought before us was obtained by Edward DeGroot, John Denman and Scott McGowan in party who persuaded a small boy to go to the bar-keeper and buy beer, and the boy having obtained the same he brought the beer back to the above parties who sent and paid him for getting the beer, and they the aforesaid parties after receiving this beer in their own hands had endeavored to persuade this little boy to drink, and after the boy refused to drink of the beer he had bought with the money given him for *such purpose by these* parties, they threw the same on the ground or sidewalk.

"We as Grand Jurors strongly condemn such manner of obtaining evidence, and if such reformers have no other means than of hiring small boys to purchase strong drink they are unworthy to represent the temperance cause, and should be punished if possible for persuading the boy to drink of such intoxicating beverage. And we therefore present Edward DeGroot, John Denman and Scott McGowan to the Honorable Court, for such disposition as may seem *well for the* good of law and society."

(Endorsed,) ALEX GILLAND, Foreman.

A broad smile overspread the court room during the reading of this verbose document and at its conclusion the court uttered a dubious AHEM, and ordered it placed on file.

The following parties have been charged on indictments and pleaded:

James Eakley, disorderly house at Morristown depot; not guilty; bailed in $250 by John Ralston to 20th.

John R. Piper, disorderly house at Morristown; not guilty; own recognizance to 20th.

Michael Edwards, same offense as Piper and Eakley, and like plea; trial 20th.

Thomas Collins, same offense as above; plea, guilty.

George Hedden, disorderly house; plea, guilty.

George Hirschman, selling liquor by small measure, Speedwell avenue, Morristown; not guilty; trial 20th.

Simeon Miller, selling beer at Madison; guilty; to be sentenced on 15th.

George Ayers, the milkman, who sold the rum to the boy Stewart, under the influence of which he murdered Ira Cole, for which he is soon to be tried for his life, has two indictments against him for selling liquor from a wagon; to one he pleaded guilty and to the other not guilty; he was bailed in $100 to appear the 16th.

Charles Springsteel, pleaded guilty to selling hard cider to boys, from which they became intoxicated, at Whippany, thus constituting a disorderly house, and was fined $25 and costs. He informed the court before sentence that he intended to sell no more hard cider. The court: "Have you any on hand now?" The prisoner, "A little." The court, "How much?" Prisoner, "About fifteen or sixteen gallons." C. "What do you intend to do with that?" P. "I don't know unless I drink it myself." Great laughter by court and audience, which having subsided the court remarks: "You had better drink it yourself than sell it to boys."

THE MURDERERS.

John A. Smith, the Flanders wife murderer was charged and the indictment read to him as follows:

MORRIS OYER AND TERMINER AND GENERAL JAIL DELIVERY,
OCTOBER TERM, 1877,

MORRIS COUNTY SS:

The Grand Inquest for the State of New Jersey, and for the body of the County of Morris, upon their oath present that John A. Smith, late of the township of Mount Olive, in the County of Morris aforesaid, on the twenty-third day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, at the township aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon one Adelia Smith, feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did make an assault; and that the said John Smith with a certain razor made of iron and steel, which he the said John A. Smith, in one of his hands then and there had, and held in front of her the said Adelia Smith, feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforesaid, strike and cut; and that the said John A. Smith with the razor aforesaid, by the striking and cutting aforesaid did then and there give to the said Adelia Smith, in and upon the said throat of her the said Adelia Smith one mortal wound of the length of three inches, and of the depth of three inches, of which said mortal wound, the said Adelia Smith, on the said twenty-third day of July, in the year *eighteen hundred and seventy-seven*, at the township aforesaid, in the County of Morris aforesaid did die.

And so the grand inquest aforesaid upon their oath aforesaid, do say that the said John A. Smith, in manner and form aforesaid, then and there feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforethought, did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of this State, the government and dignity of the same.

FRED. A. DEMOTT,
Prosecutor of the Pleas.

A true bill,
ALEX GILLAND, Foreman.

Smith on being asked at *the concluding of* the reading, in the usual form, "What do you plead to that, guilty or not guilty?" he replied I have no recollection of the act, and this was taken as a plea of not guilty. He *chose Francis Child, Esq., as counsel*, and the court appointed Mr. William E. Church to assist Mr. Child. Smith does not look sane at this day; his eyes have a vacancy of expression, or lack of expression, and he appears slow of comprehension; his beard has grown out since he has been in confinement and is a heavy shaggy black, giving him the appearance called shock headed.

Stewart the slayer of Ira Cole, looks younger than when first imprisoned, as the bronze sunburnt complexion has given place to the prisony white, and there are dark circles under his mild blue eyes. His age might readily be taken for sixteen, and he is as beardless as many boys even younger than that. The constant bravado which he has kept up during the time which elapsed since the committal of the deed, he still continues, his voice was so loud as to appear forced in answering to the charge, and there was a trembling about it which, however, may be natural. A nervous twitching of the fingers and facial muscles was apparent, as he was awaiting among the other prisoners, and as the indictment was being read to him. The Prosecutor asked "what do you plead to that, guilty or not guilty." "NOT GUILTY SIR." The Court: "Stewart have you money to employ counsel or do you want the court to assign counsel?" Stewart, "I haven't got a dollar, sir." "Have you any choice as to counsel?" "I should like to have the best lawyers I can get, if you would be kind enough to give them to me." "Who would you like to have?" "I should like to have Mr. Alfred Mills, and Mr. Albert *C. Smith, if you'd be kind enough to give* me them." Mr. Mills and Mr. Smith were accordingly assigned.

The following is the indictment:

MORRIS OYER AND TERMINER AND GENERAL JAIL DELIVERY.
OCTOBER TERM, 1877.

MORRIS COUNTY, ss:

The Grand Inquest for the State of New Jersey, and for the body of the County of Morris, upon their oath present that Calvin Stewart, late of the township of Randolph, in the County of Morris aforesaid, on the eleventh day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, at the township aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon one Ira Cole, in the peace of God, and of said State, then and there being, feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did make an assault; and that he the said Calvin Stewart in one of his hands, then and there had and held the said Ira Cole, in and upon the right leg of him the said Ira Cole, then and there feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did strike and thrust, giving to the said Ira Cole, then and there with the knife aforesaid, in and upon the aforesaid right leg of him the said Ira Cole, one mortal wound, of the breadth of one inch, and of the depth of three inches, of which said mortal wound, the said Ira Cole, on the said eleventh day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, at the township aforesaid did die.

And so the grand inquest aforesaid upon their oath aforesaid, do say that the said Calvin Stewart, late of the township of Randolph aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon one Ira Cole, in the peace of God, and of said State, then and there being, feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did make an assault; and that he the said Calvin Stewart in one of his hands, then and there had and held the said Ira Cole, in and upon the right leg of him the said Ira Cole, then and there feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did strike and thrust, giving to the said Ira Cole, then and there with the knife aforesaid, in and upon the aforesaid right leg of him the said Ira Cole, one mortal wound, of the breadth of one inch, and of the depth of three inches, of which said mortal wound, the said Ira Cole, on the said eleventh day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, at the township aforesaid did die.

And so the grand inquest aforesaid upon their oath aforesaid, do say that the said Calvin Stewart, late of the township aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon one Ira Cole, in the peace of God, and of said State, then and there being, feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought, did make an assault; and that he the said Calvin Stewart in one of his hands, then and there had and held the said Ira Cole, in and upon the right leg of him the said Ira Cole, then and there feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did strike and thrust, giving to the said Ira Cole, then and there with the knife aforesaid, in and upon the aforesaid right leg of him the said Ira Cole, one mortal wound, of the breadth of one inch, and of the depth of three inches, of which said mortal wound, the said Ira Cole, on the said eleventh day of June, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, at the township aforesaid did die.

And so the grand inquest aforesaid upon their oath aforesaid, do say that the said Calvin Stewart, late of the township aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon one Ira Cole, in the peace of God, and of said State, then and there being, feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought, did make an assault; and that he the said Calvin Stewart in one of his hands, then and there had and held the said Ira Cole, in and upon the right leg of him the said Ira Cole, then and there feloniously, wilfully, and of his malice aforethought did strike and thrust

AGRICULTURAL.

Sheep and Turnip Husbandry in England.

Hand in-hand these husbandries have done more for agriculture than aught else since the world was civilized. It is the immense quantity of turnips, mangel wurzel, and swedes eaten by sheep on the land, that chiefly keeps up the fertility of the arable soil, and cause the yield of wheat, barley, oats, beans and peas *to increase to double* the number of bushels which were formerly grown. This has been done, too, while in the United States exactly the opposite has been accomplished, for here the yield of wheat, barley and oats has become less than half what was grown in days of yore. The housing of sheep by night, in Summer, is a great detriment to the pasture they feed on, and the severity of the Winters in the north, making it necessary to take the turnips off the land where grown, to be eaten in barns is a drawback to the chief benefit of the crop for improving and renovating the soil.

Ingenuity is a characteristic of the American nation, and the man who shall invent a movable sheep pen, affording shelter so that sheep can be kept daily all over the fields, as the crop is eaten, will be a *benefactor to his country*, have his name handed down to posterity, and as a still sharper spur to ingenuity, gather in the sheckels abundantly; for, although the manure is good when made *under cover*, yet there is loss of urine, loss of time in hauling the turnip crop, and again in carting the manure. When this is made practicable, the swedes can be put into heaps of a load or two, on the field, just as is done in England, and covered with earth sufficiently thick to keep out the frost. Then, with a crowbar or like implement, it will be easily to break into the heaps, cut them up with a machine, and feed exactly as is done in England, in the open field.

The South will, doubtless, eventually, be the great sheep producing place, and there turnips can be grown and be consumed by the sheep; but, by improving the grass land and contriving to have food pasture opened to them in Winter, and encouraging the best varieties of grass for a permanency, very little roots of any kind would be necessary, as any *quantity of mutton and wool* may be produced from stimulation by corn, peas or grain. Nevertheless, a heavy crop of swedes given to a flock of sheep intended for the butcher, will bring them out in the Spring riper by a good deal, and not only will there be better and more mutton, but the wool will be correspondingly improved.

Commencing the Poultry Business.

Those who contemplate keeping fowls will, for several reasons, find September about the best time of the year to commence operations. The house can then be built and all necessary arrangements made before the cold sets in. After deciding what breeds you will keep, procure them in time to settle down to the premises in good season before Winter. Good poultry can be purchased cheaper now, when the breeders' yards are too full than at a later period; and birds are now advanced enough to judge how they will turn out. Unless extra show birds are wanted, in which case a little later will be better. Pullets, about to commence laying, can now be procured, in which case their keeper can tell how many eggs they will lay a year through from the commencement, and as eggs are dearer in the winter than at any time, the full benefit can be got from pullets which will, if hatched early, begin to lay before old hens that are molting. For a farmer, therefore, or one going into the business with the intention *of making eggs for market* a specialty, September is the most desirable month. Young stock can now be purchased in large numbers quite reasonably and those who have not the conveniences or time for raising them can get as many as they may want cheaper now than at any other season from those who have bred them on a large scale, and thereby avoid all the risks that attend breeding them. And here let me caution the buyer of one very important thing—be sure you procure your stock from yards of strong, healthy fowls or wait till you can do so. I have known great failures to occur through neglect of this point. If you think of breeding from your stock, procure pullets from yard and cockerels that are not related to the pullets from another, and let them be of as good a breed and condition as possible.

If you intend to breed early chickens for market, January or February is early enough to start with your fowls, if all other things are ready beforehand, so that *you can go right to work*; but then you must begin with pullets that were hatched early in Spring the year before; late-hatched pullets will not get them to sit early enough to get out chickens that will make broilers at a good price. There is no money in late birds as they bring too low a figure to pay for the raising, where food is not very cheap.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Small Fruits in Gardens.

But few people seem to know the value of small fruits to the family, when grown in their own gardens. You commence with strawberries; they continue about a month. You pick, perhaps, from six to twelve quarts a day. You have them on your table as a dessert, if you please at noon, and you want little else but your bread and butter. Your family consume, in one way or another, about eight quarts a day, and while they last, no medicines for bodily ailment are required, as a quart of strawberries daily will generally dispel all ordinary diseases not settled permanently in the system. After strawberries, raspberries come to continue about three weeks; then we have blackberries where the climate is not too cold for cultivated varieties; then the currants ripen, which remain until the early grape mature, and taking the season through any family with a half acre of land in a garden can grow small fruits that make country life delightful, and at the same time *hundreds of dollars* can be saved in the supply of the table.

A Frenchman thinks the English language is very tough. "Dare is look out," he says, "which is to put out your head and *see*; and look out, which is to haul in your head and not for to see—just contrarie."

"Susan," said the madame of a boarding-school, "you say your young mistress wishes to absent herself from the class-room this afternoon; is the reason for her staying away very urgent?" "Yes, mum; it's er gont."

Partnership Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing as "C. F. Gage," in the lumber business, is dissolved, and the subscriber appointed Receiver of the assets thereof, with whom all parties interested are requested to make immediate settlement.

ISAAC S. CASE, *Receiver, &c.*

Dover, N. J. Sept. 13th, 1877. 4-w

In Chancery of New Jersey.

To James Cahill and Catherine Cahill his wife.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made on the day of the date hereof, in a cause wherein John Hance is complainant, and you and others are defendants, you are required to appear and plead, demur or answer to the complainant's bill, on or before the eighth day of November next, or the said bill will be taken as confessed against you.

The said bill is filed to foreclose two mortgages upon certain and the same lands in the township of Randolph, Morris County, New Jersey; one mortgage given by you, James Cahill and wife, to James Goligher, dated June 10th, 1871, and recorded in Book U 2, of Mortgages, page 516, which mortgage is now owned by said John Hance; the other of said two mortgages was given by said James Cahill and wife to said John Hance, dated October 27, 1871, and recorded in Book V 2 of Mortgages, page 437, &c.; and you James Cahill are made a defendant because you own said lands; and you Catherine Cahill are made a defendant because you are the wife of said James Cahill and thereby may claim to have some interest in said lands.

NEIGHBOUR & SMITH,
Solicitors of Complainant,
Dover, Morris County, N. J.

Dated September 7th, 1877. 40-5w [Prs. fs. $6.30

SHERIFF'S SALE!

In Chancery of New Jersey.—Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises, wherein Theodore Little, Executor of George Vail, deceased, is complainant, and Clarissa Corwin, Joseph J. Corwin and Theodore P. Skellenger, are defendants. Returnable to October Term, A. D. 1877. S. H. LITTLE, Sol'r.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue, at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER,

next, A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises, hereinafter described, situate, lying and being in the Town of Dover, in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey.

Being the same lot of land conveyed to the said Theodore P. Skellenger by Michael Foley and wife, by deed dated April 25th, 1873, and recorded in the Morris County Record of Deeds on the 28th day of April, 1873, in Book P 8, page 179, and described in said deed as follows: Beginning at the south-east corner of Chestnut and Gold Streets, in Dover aforesaid, being the beginning corner of the first lot in a deed from Thomas J. Halsey and wife to the aforesaid Foley, and thence (1) along the east side of Gold Street south, forty-three degrees west, ninety feet to the second corner of the first lot in said Halsey deed; thence (2) along the third lines of each of said three lots and parallel to Chestnut Street south, fifty-two degrees east, one hundred and one feet and four inches to the third corner of the third lot in said deed from said Halsey; thence along the third line of the third lot in said Halsey deed and parallel to said Gold street line (3) north, forty-three degrees east, ninety feet to the south side of Chestnut Street, being the fourth corner of said third lot; thence along the south side of said Chestnut Street parallel to the second line hereof, and being the fourth lines of each of said three lots; (4) north, fifty-two degrees west, one hundred and one feet and four inches to the beginning. Also, all the right, liberty and privilege granted and conveyed to said Skellenger concerning the use and enjoyment of a certain well of water particularly described in deed from Thomas Halsey to Michael Foley.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated Aug. 6, 1877. [Prs. fs. $9.00

SHERIFF'S SALE!

New Jersey Supreme Court—Morris County.—Jacob C. Allen vs. The Hackettstown Land and Improvement Company, Morris Wade and Charles N. Wade. Fi. fa. de bon. et ter. In case. On Docketed Judgment. Returnable to November Term, A. D., 1877.

J. C. ALLEN Att'y.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at public vendue, at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER

next, A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that certain tract or parcel of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Township of Washington, in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white oak tree corner to Wm. Tereberry's land, and runs thence (1) north, fifty-three degrees west, two chains and thirty-six links to a stake; (2) north, thirty degrees west, fourteen chains to a red oak; (3) south six y-four degrees west, five chains and seventeen links to a black oak; (4) south, seventy-four degrees west, eight chains and fifty-two links to stones; (5) south, thirty-eight and a half degrees west, five chains and sixty-six links to a corner of Force's wood lot; (6) south, forty-eight degrees west, three chains and forty-three links to a corner to said wood lot; (7) south, fifty-one degrees west, six chains and fifty links to another corner of said lot; (8) south, forty-seven and a half degrees west, twelve chains and thirty-six links to stones, corner to Hoffman's land; (9) south, seventy-one degrees west, twenty-six chains to a heap of stones; (10) north, fifty-five degrees east, eighteen chains and ninety-six links to a heap of stones; (11) north, fifty-five degrees east, twenty-one chains and twenty-five links to a stake; (12) north, seventy-six and a half degrees west, four chains and thirteen links to a stake in the fence corner to Tereberry; (13) north, eighty-five degrees west, two chains and forty-two links to a stake; (14) north, forty-five and a half degrees west, one chain and three links to a stake on the side of the road; (15) north, forty degrees east, one chain and fifty-four links to a white oak; (16) north, thirty-two degrees west, two chains and ninety-four links to a stake in the fence; (17) north, thirty-three degrees east, four chains to a stake in the bars, corner to William Terebury's land; (18) along Tereberry's land north, forty-three degrees west, eleven chains and ninety-four links to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty-five acres of land, more or less. Being the same land conveyed to the Hackettstown Land and Improvement Company by deed from George W. King and wife and Wm. L. Johnson and wife, dated June 3d, 1873. Said deed is recorded in the Morris County Record of Deeds in Book Q 8, pages 506, &c.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated Aug. 7, 1877. [Prs. fs. $10.80

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Morris Circuit Court.—William Bartley vs. Stephen Stiles, builder, Stephen D. Stiles and George W. Stiles, owners. General and Special. Fi. fa. de bon. et ter. In case. On Lien Claim. Returnable to October Term, A. D., 1877. STEPHEN H. LITTLE, Att'y.

Morris Circuit Court.—Hugh Bartley vs. Stephen Stiles, builder, Stephen D. Stiles and George W. Stiles, owners. General and Special. Fi. fa. de bon. et ter. In case. On Lien Claim. Returnable to October Term, A. D., 1877. S. H. LITTLE, Att'y.

Morris Circuit Court.—Samuel Carey vs. Stephen Stiles, builder, Stephen D. Stiles and George W. Stiles, owners. General and Special. Fi. fa. de bon. et ter. In case. *On lien Claim. Returnable to October term,* A. D., 1877. L. & A. ZABRISKIE, Att'ys.

By virtue of the above stated writs of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at public vendue at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J.,

MONDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER

next, A. D., 1877, *between the hours of 12 M* and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that building and lot or curtilage of land on which the same is erected, situate, lying and being in the Township of Randolph, in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey. The said building or mill is a two story and attic frame building with *stone cellar, thirty feet wide in front and rear* and sixty feet deep, erected on a lot or curtilage of land, and particularly described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the road near Stephen Stiles' dwelling, from said point the needle bears north, forty-nine degrees and ten minutes west, to the centre of a maple tree, and is distant twenty-eight links therefrom *from said point; the needle bears also* north, forty-one degrees west, to the most easterly corner of Stiles' dwelling, and from said point runs thence (1) north, fifty-two degrees and thirty minutes east, three chains and fifty links to a point in the middle of the road; thence (2) north, sixty-nine degrees and five minutes east, six chains to a peg; thence (3) *north, sixty-four degrees east, two chains to a* peg; thence (4) south, sixteen degrees east, crossing stream at head of pond, one chain and twelve links; thence (5) south, seven degrees and ten minutes east, one chain and ninety-six links to a peg; thence (6) south, thirty-four degrees and fifty-five minutes west, three chains to a peg; thence (7) south, fifty degrees and fifteen minutes west, three chains and ten links to a peg near end of dam; thence (8) north, forty-four degrees and fifteen minutes west, five chains and eighteen links to a point in the race bank; thence (9) along the race south, fifty-two degrees and fifteen minutes west, two chains and sixteen links to a peg; thence (10) south, thirty-one degrees and forty-five minutes east, two chains and ninety-three links and a half to a peg back of mill; thence (11) south, fifty-eight degrees and fifteen minutes west, one chain thirteen links and a half to a peg back of mill; thence (12) north, thirty-one degrees and forty-five minutes west, three chains and sixty-five links to the place of beginning, containing three acres and seventy-five hundredths of an acre of land, strict measure.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated August 9, 1877. [Prs. fs. $13.00

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Basement,	A Cure for Disease,
First Floor,	A handy Valise,
Casement,	*A Muslin Chemise,*
To Purchase a Pet—	Cheese,
Horse,	Teas,
Mare,	Bees,
Monkey or Bear,	Peas,
Bloodhound or Spitz,	Or are prone
Free from Fits,	To make known
To Hire a Hall,	Your Store,
A Tender of Bars,	*Hosiery,*
A Driver of Cars,	Dry Goods,
An Elegant Carriage,	Upholstery,
An Opulent Marriage,	Picnics,
Play, Concert or Ball,	Excursions,
Skates,	Knick-Knacks,
Plates;	Diversions,
To sell to gay creatures	Clothes ready made,
Diamonds,	*Increase of Trade,*
Pearls,	Coals, Coke and Wood,
Rings,	Pictures,
Curls,	Lectures,
Wash for their features,	All kinds of Food,
To buy any odd thing,	Works on Theology,
Or sell any odd thing,	Magic, Astrology,
Cats,	Wealth or Felicity,
Rats,	*World-wide Publicity,*
Mats,	Flags,
Flats,	Bags,
Bats,	Rags,
Pantaloons, Hats,	Nags,
Resplendent Cravats,	Dress-shirts or Collars,
Mutton or Beef;	Almighty Dollars,
Financial Relief,	Houses to Rent,
Stocks,	*Store, Tenement,*
Clocks,	Cash to be Lent,
Locks,	Cash to be Spent,
Socks,	Scent,
Portmanteau or Box,	Tent,
Pig, sheep or Ox,	Roman Cement,
Or even a Bean—	Go
Then in a trice	Read the advice
Take the advice	*Far beyond price*
Written below—	Written below—

ADVERTISE

IN

THE IRON ERA

BOOK and JOB

PRINTING!

OF ANY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED WITH

NEATNESS,

CHEAPNESS,

AND

DISPATCH!

WE HAVE THE

BEST FACILITIES!

FOR MERCANTILE WORK.

MRS. A. BEEMER

Is now ready with all the new styles for

SPRING of 1877.

Fashionable Millinery

AND

Fancy Goods.

THE

Latest Styles & Newest Designs

NEARLY OPPOSITE NATIONAL UNION BANK BUILDING, DOVER, N. J.

The largest and most complete stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods to be found in Dover comprising

Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons; Laces—real and imitation—Neckties and Bows, Collars, Lace and Linen Sets, Crapes, Mourning Bonnets and Rolls.

A fine assortment of

SWITCHES, BRAIDS, &c.

Also, a very large variety o

ZEPHYR GOODS,

And a fine stock of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Everything of the best material and made up by the most competent assistants.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

In Chancery of New Jersey—Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises, wherein Henry Thomas is complainant, and John J. Caffray, Laura his wife, Elizabeth Bay, James M. Bay and David S. Allen, are defendants. Returnable to October Term A. D. 1877.

NEIGHBOUR & SMITH, Sol'rs.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at Public Vendue, at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, the 5th day of NOVEMBER next,

A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Randolph, in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows:

Being the first tract described in a deed from Elizabeth King to said Laura Caffray, dated February 12th, 1874, and recorded in the Morris County Record of Deeds, in book V 8, page 350, &c., and begins at a stake on the southwest side of the main street crossing Succasunna Plains, and is the seventh corner of land conveyed by said Caffray and wife to said Elizabeth King, by deed of February 20th, 1874; thence as the needle now points (1) south forty-one degrees and thirty minutes west thirty-three chains and seventy-five links to the sixth line of said tract, and two chains and ten links from a stake standing on the north side of a small brook; thence (2) north fifty-one degrees west six chains and ninety links *to a stake, the sixth corner of the second lot* described in the said deed to said Elizabeth King; thence (3) along the fifth line of said second lot south seventy-one degrees and thirty minutes west eight chains to the eighth corner of a tract of land as conveyed to one James King, now deceased, and of which this is a part; thence (4) along the outside line of *said tract, as the needle pointed in the year* 1800, north twenty-six degrees east twenty-three chains and eighty links to a corner of Frank Canfield's land; thence (5) still along his line south sixty-one degrees east thirteen chains and ten links to another of his corners; thence (6) still along his line north twenty-eight degrees east fifteen chains and sixty *links to the edge of the aforesaid street;* thence (7) along the side of the same south forty-five degrees east six chains and eighty-seven links to the place of beginning, containing thirty-eight acres and ninety-seven hundredths of an acre of land. Excepting and reserving therefrom, however, so much as has been heretofore conveyed to the Chester Rail*road Company, and also a lot of fifty-seven* hundredths of an acre, conveyed to one Wm. A. Stephens.

Being the same premises described in a mortgage from John J. Caffray and Laura Caffray to Henry Thomas, dated July 18th, 1874, and recorded in book B 8 of Mortgages, page 251, &c.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated Aug. 29th, 1877. [Prs. fs. $10.80

SHERIFF'S SALE!

In Chancery of New Jersey—Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises. Wherein Louis L. Conderi is complainant, and James D. Mellick, Henry W. Smith and Caroline C. his wife, are defendants. Returnable to October Term, A. D. 1877. A. S. BOYD, Sol'r.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias in my hands, I shall expose for sale at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the United States Hotel, in Morristown, N. J., on

MONDAY, the 8th day of OCTOBER

next, A. D. 1877, between the hours of 12 M. and 5 o'clock P. M., that is to say, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that certain piece or parcel of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Township of Jefferson, in the County of Morris and State of New Jersey, beginning at a chestnut tree marked on four sides with a blaze and three notches standing at the second corner of a tract of thirty acres and forty-three hundredths of an acre, returned to John D. Laney, and recorded in book S 8, page 80; thence south eighty-nine degrees west ten chains and eighty links; thence south fifty-five degrees and thirty minutes east twenty chains and fifty links; thence north two degrees east twenty-one chains and sixty links; thence north eighty-eight degrees and fifteen minutes east nine chains and eighteen links; thence north twenty-six degrees east eighteen chains; thence north seventy-nine degrees and thirty minutes west fourteen chains and twenty links; thence south ten degrees west ten chains and twenty links; thence north seventy-seven degrees and forty minutes west eight chains and twenty links; thence south twelve degrees west twenty chains to the place of beginning, containing fifty acres and fifty-seven hundredths of an acre.

PIERSON A. FREEMAN, Sheriff.

Dated Aug. 1st, 1877. [Prs. fs. $7.20

Morris County Surrogate's Office.

AUGUST 9th, 1877.

In the matter of John D. Laurence, Administrator of Francis D. Laurence, dec'd. Surrogate's Order to Limit Creditors.

On application of the above-named Administrator it is ordered by the Surrogate that said Administrator give public notice to the creditors of the estate of said decedent to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a copy of this order, within twenty days hereafter, in five of the most public places in the County of Morris for two months, and also within the said twenty days by advertising the same in the IRON ERA one of the newspapers of this State, for the same space of time (the Surrogate judging any further notice to be unnecessary); and if any creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand and claim within the said period of nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever debarred of his or her action therefor against the said Administrator. A true copy from the minutes.

38-10w E. E. WILLIS, Surrogate.

Morris County Surrogate's Office.

AUGUST 20th, 1877.

In the matter of James H. Neighbour, Administrator of Charles B. Crane, dec'd. Surrogate's Order to Limit Creditors.

On application of the above-named Administrator, it is ordered by the Surrogate that said Administrator give Public Notice to the creditors of the estate of said decedent to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the same, under oath, within nine months from this date, by setting up a copy of this order, within *twenty days hereafter, in five of the most public* places in the county of Morris for two months, and also within the said twenty days by advertising the same in the IRON ERA, one of the newspapers of this State, for the same space of time (the Surrogate judging any further notice to be unnecessary); and if any creditor shall neglect to exhibit his or her debt, *demand and claim within the said period of* nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever debarred of his or her action therefore against the said Administrator.

E. E. WILLIS, Surrogate.

A true copy from the minutes. 38-10w

Morris Circuit Court.

MATTHIAS C. WHITLOCK, }
JAMES B. LEWIS, } In case.
vs. }
THOMAS PALMEAR. } In attachment.

In pursuance of an order of said Court made in the above stated cause on the seventeenth day of September, 1877, notice is hereby given that a writ of attachment was issued out of said Court, on the 20th day of August, 1877, at the suit of Matthias C. Whitlock and James B. Lewis, against the estate of Thomas Palmear, for the sum of eighty-eight dollars and sixty-nine cents, returnable to the third day of September, 1877, and that A. Judson Coe, of Dover, has been appointed Auditor.

WM. McCARTY, Clerk.

NEIGHBOUR & SMITH, Dover, N. J.

September 18th, 1877. 42-5m

W. S. BABBITT,

PEOPLE'S STORE!

☞ ONE PRICE ONLY. ☜

DRY GOODS & CARPETS.

LARGEST STOCK, BEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES.

Dress Goods, Cashmeres, Silk, Bourettas, Paponaise, Stripes, Brocades, Lustres, Poplins, Espangles, Diagonals, Alpacas, Veiling, Sacquing, Kids, &c. Novelties are added from time to time as they appear in market. In WHITE GOODS, a very full line, purchased of importers and at AUCTION, and FOR SALE CHEAP. Domestics, Sheeting, Ticks, Shirting, Stripes, Denims, Prints, Batts, Warp, *Ginghams, &c.* The recent advance in domestics could not be sustained. All kinds of goods are somewhat lower and some are cheaper than before the advance. All the best prints are selling at 7 cts. per yard; and ½ wide DRESS CAMBRIC, new style and colors for 8 cts. Our LARGE CARPET *ROOM is fully stocked with*

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTING, RUGS, MATS, LINOLEUM, DRUGGET, &c.

Full line BRUSSELS CARPET, beginning at 90 cts. per yard, good assortment; of reliable *maker in good style for $1.* Large line INGRAINS beginning at 30 cts. per yard, assortment very large, and prices lower than for many years. We keep the best goods made in this country. We measure apartments, make and lay carpets, cut and fit oil cloth, linoleum, matting, make and hang *shades, &c., and guarantee a fit.*

Our assortment in all departments is much larger than can be found outside the large cities, and no one undersells us. Examination of goods and prices requested.

W. S. BABBITT,

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

Morristown, N. J., April 7th, 1877.

Freeman Wood,

FIRE

INSURANCE AGENT.

(OFFICE ON BLACKWELL STREET. NEXT TO GEORGE RICHARDS & CO.'S STORE.)

DOVER, N. J.

Legally authorized agent of the following first-class companies—the best in the world:

LONDON and LIVERPOOL and GLOBE, Capital $20,000,000.

LANCASHIRE of MANCHESTER, Capital $10,000,000.

STATE FIRE INSURANCE Co., Capital, $800,000.

ROYAL OF LIVERPOOL, Capital $10,000,000.

FRANKLIN OF PHILADELPHIA, Capital $5,000,000.

HOME,	"	600,000.
STAR, Jersey City,	"	500,000.
HUDSON COUNTY, Jersey City,	Capital	$300,000.
STANDARD, Trenton,	"	300,000.
PEOPLE'S, Newark,	"	300,000.
HIBERNIA,	"	200,000.
HUMBOLT,	"	200,000.

FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION of PHILADELPHIA.

REAL ESTATE

OF ALL KINDS

PURCHASED and SOLD

Choice Lots in Dover,

for sale cheap, and

HOUSES TO LET.

Freeman Wood,

Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate.

DOVER

HARDWARE STORE,

S. H. BERRY,

BLACKWELL St., NEAR MORRIS

has a complete stock of

FARMER'S TOOLS,

Builders' Hardware,

Mechanics' Tools,

BLACKSMITH'S AND CARRIAGE MAKER'S SUPPLIES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

REVOLVERS, FISHING TACKLE, &c. &c.

REUBEN ROWE,

WILL FURNISH

Brass Band and String Music

from 1 to 20 pieces, for all occasions.

SHEET MUSIC for brass bands and all kinds of instruments sold.

32-tf SUSSEX STREET, DOVER, N. J.

ALLEN & MONINGTON,

DOVER, CHESTER,

and SUCCASUNNA, N. J.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

TIN AND JAPANNED WARE

STOVES, &c.

FURNACES AND RANGES,

both portable and brick set. WE ALSO MAKE

PLUMBING WORK

A SPECIALTY, and employ only practical PLUMBERS for this branch of the trade.

Plans and specifications given when required.

ROOFING, GUTTERS, &c.,

at lowest market rates.

Wood and Iron Pumps and Pipe

of all kinds.

DRAIN TILE, all sizes,

Fittings of all kinds for DRIVEN WELLS.

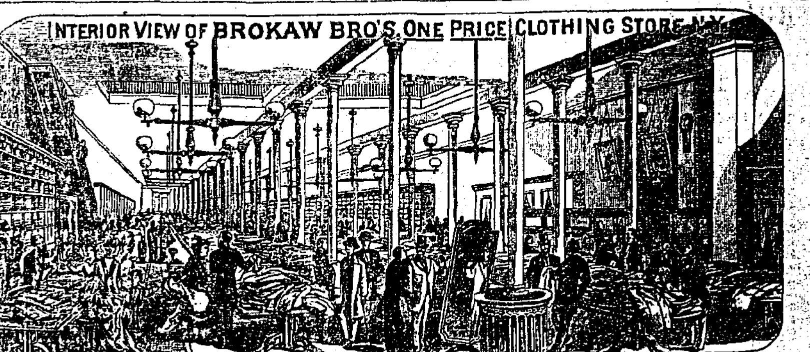
Our many years experience in the above trade enables us to assert with confidence our ability to do any and all work in this line of trade to the entire satisfaction of the employer.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Satisfactory reference given when required.

D. S. ALLEN. G. A. MONINGTON.

33-1y



28 to 34 4th Ave., Extending Through to 60 & 62 Lafayette Place, one Door from cor. of Astor Pl., New York.

OUTFITS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

SPRING & SUMMER.

WHITLOCK & LEWIS.

Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glass Ware,

Wood & Willow Ware

HARDWARE,

Stoves Stoves

Iron and Steel,

Gas Pipe and Fittings,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c., &c,

Powder, Fuse and Mining

Materials constantly on hand,

Cor. Blackwell and Morris Streets.

INSURANCE A SPECIALTY.

E. & G. H. Ross & Breese,

GENERAL FIRE AND LIFE

Insurance Agents,

Office, Old Iron Bank Building,

Morristown, N. J.

EDWIN ROSS, GEO. H. ROSS, STEPHEN BREESE.

A. J COE, Collector,

DOVER, N. J.

COMPANIES REPRESENTED.

American Mutual Ins. Co., of Newark N. J., Assets over $1,03,000

Merchants' Mutual Ins. Co., of Newark N. J., Assets over 600,000

Firemen's Mutual Ins. Co., of Newark, N. J., Assets over 500,000

Germania Mutual Ins. Co., of Newark N. J., Capital, 100,000

Ætna Insurance Compan, of Hartford, Conn., Assets, 5,000,000

Continental Insurance Company, of New York. Capital, 1,000,000

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co., of Newark N. J., Assets, 6,000,000

49

MORRIS COUNTY

MACHINE & IRON Co.

DOVER, N. J.

MANUFACTURERS OF

MINING MACHINERY

STEAM ENGINES,

RAILWAY TURN TABLES,

IRON and BRASS CASTINGS,

FORGING of all DESCRIPTIONS

TAMARACK BITTERS is the best tonic in use. A rare combination of medical properties and materials, probably the most rare in use; surely the most successful combination of TAMARACK medical extract known and named Tamarack Bitters. In this great vegetable tonic are blended, in the most harmonious manner, with BITTERS the greatest purity possible to obtain, the most alterative, invigorating and purifying elements that can be selected from the vegetable kingdom. Sold by J. H. BROWN, Dover.

OSBORNE'S MAGIC CATARRH EXPELLER instantly dislodges and expels all unnatural secretions from the head, nose, throat, and bronchia, clearing the mucous-membrane CATARRH and restoring these delicate and sensitive organs to a natural and healthy condition, purifying the offensive breath, counteracting all the poisonous gases originating in the ach, banishing EXPELLER catarrh as well as its origin, promoting health, pleasure, comfort, and happi*ness for the sufferer, and fortune for the originator.* Sent by mail. Price 50 cts. Address OSBORNE & Co., 746 Broadway, New York. Sold by J. H. BROWN, Dover, N. J.

NATIONAL UNION BANK

OF DOVER, NEW JERSEY,

Capital, - $200,000.

Banking hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Prompt attention given to the purchase and sale of Bonds and other Securities; the collection of foreign and domestic paper, drafts, checks, &c.

COLUMBUS BEACH, Pres't.
JAY. S. TREAT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

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ALBERT R. RIGGS,	COLUMBUS BEACH,
ISAAC W. SEARING,	ISAAC B. JOLLEY,
RICHARD GEORGE,	JOHN W. JACKSON,
HENRY McFARLAN,	JOSIAH MEEKER,
	ALPHEUS BEEMER.

9tf.

The Miners' Savings Bank

OF DOVER, N. J.

AT THE OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL UNION BANK.

Interest will be paid on deposits made on or before the first days of MARCH, JUNE, SEPTEMBER and DECEMBER.

☞ Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

MANAGERS:

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GEORGE RICHARDS,
EPHRAIM LINDSLEY,
I. W. CONDICT,
JAMES H. SIMPSON,
COLUMBUS BEACH,
W. H. LAMBERT,
I. B. JOLLY,

HENRY McFARLAN, President.
EPHRAIM LINDSLEY, Vice President.
JAY S. TREAT, Treasurer.

Dover, Feb. 17, 1873. 12-tf

BEEMER & PALMER

DEALERS IN

COAL, WOOD,

MASONS' MATERIALS,

BLUE STONE, FERTILIZERS.

HARD AND PALE BRICK,
LIME, CEMENT,
CALCINED PLASTER,
FRONT BRICK,
FIRE CLAY, FIRE BRICK,

FLAG STONES, CURBING,

CELLAR STEPS, COPING, SILLS, LINTELS AND CISTERN NECKS,

WHANN'S PHOSPHATE,

Bone Dust, Guano, Poudrette,

LAND PLASTER, &c.

WOOD sawed in stove lengths.

COAL.

STOVE, EGG, CHESTNUT.

Town delivery 40 cts.; Mine Hill 75 cts.

Orders may be addressed through the Post Office Lock Box 28, or left at A. Beemer's office in Blackwell St., near Sussex, or at the yard.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL constantly on hand.

ALPHEUS BEEMER. *J. B. PALMER.*

THE OLD STAND.

UNION HALL BUILDING,

Blackwell Street, Dover,

Hot Air Furnaces,

Of the latest and most improved styles, for warming public and private buildings. A large assortment of Stoves, cheap for cash.

COOK, PARLOR, HEATING

STOVES, RANGES,

&c. Also a variety of

LAMPS,

KEROSENE OIL,
LANTERNS AND
BRITTANIA WARE,

A full assortment of

TIN & JAPAN WARE,

FRUIT CANS, &c.,
TIN ROOFING,
EAVES, TROUGHS,

LEADERS, and all kinds of Jobbing in my line done in the best manner and at the shortest notice. Highest prices paid for old Iron.

Copper lead and pewter taken in exchange for goods.

ALEXANDER WIGHTON.

December 24th, 1876. 1-1yr

NOTICE.

The subscribers having withdrawn their business from Succasunna to Chester and Dover, respectfully request that all indebted to them on book account will call and settle the same immediately at our store in Dover.

35-tf ALLEN & MONINGTON.

The RUSSO-TURKISH WAR

Agents Wanted!

For this Comprehensive, Superbly Illustrated History of the present momentous struggle in *the East. Its accurate Maps, Plans and* many elegant Engravings are a special feature. It gives a Graphic History of each Country, with Historic and Descriptive Sketches of the primitive manners, picturesque customs and domestic life of the contestants. Describes the

DREADFUL MASSACRE OF CHRISTIANS

in Bulgaria; the Frightful Turkish Atrocities in other places; the uprising of the masses in Herzegovina. It gives the Stirring Battles and Thrilling Incidents of the war, and is the most fascinating and exciting work of the age. Agents are sure of prompt and ready sales. Prospectus Books now ready.

Also Agents Wanted on our GRAND COMBINATION PROSPECTUS representing

150 Distinct Books

of Universal Interest. It includes Agricultural, Biographical, Historical, Religious and Miscellaneous Works, with Size, Title and Description of each Book, Specimen Pages and Specimen *Illustrations.* Sales made from this Prospectus when all single books fail. Also on our

FINE FAMILY BIBLES,

ENGLISH and GERMAN, PROTESTANT and CATHOLIC, with invaluable Illustrated aids and superb bindings. Nearly 100 styles. Superior to all others and indispensable to every family. Particulars free. Address

JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers,
30-1y PHILADELPHIA.

DOVER BANK.

INCORPORATED BY THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

Successor to Segur's Bank and to the "Union Bank at Dover."

Capital, - $100,000.

ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE and sale of all Bonds—to the collection of all Notes, Checks, &c. Also Agents for the sale of Drafts on J. S. Morgan & Co., London, England. and Belfast Banking Company, Ireland.

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WARREN SEGUR - - - Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

M. H. DICKERSON,	JOHN HANCE,
HENRY BAKER,	JAMES B. LEWIS,
M. C. WHITLOCK,	G. G. PALMER.
26-tf	SIMON MISEL.

Dover Savings Institution,

OFFICE IN DOVER BANK.

OFFICERS:

JOHN HANCE - - - President.
JAMES B. LEWIS - - - Vice-President
WARREN SEGUR - - - Treasurer

TRUSTEES:

Henry Baker,	John Hance,
M. H. Dickerson,	James B. Lewis,
Thos. B. Crittenden,	Jas. H. Neighbour,
Alex Wighton,	Chas. M. Tunis,
Jos. Roderer,	Stephen C. Berry,
David Jenkins,	Simon Misel,
David B. Jardine,	Jas. A. Goodale,
Sylvester Dickerson,	Richard Jenkins,
Richard Stephens,	E. N. Norman,
William H. Baker,	George Pierson,
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Charles J. Skellenger	Martin V. B. Searing,
	M. C. Whitlock.

This Institution is now organized and open for business.

Office, in Dover Bank.

Interest shall commence running upon all sums deposited on the first day of March, June, September and December, which ever shall first happen next after the deposit is made.

WARREN SEGUR - - - Treasurer.

Feb. 11, 1873. 9-tf

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

A STERLING REMEDY FOR DISEASES AND INJURIES OF THE SKIN; A HEALTHFUL BEAUTIFIER OF THE COMPLEXION; A RELIABLE MEANS OF PREVENTING AND RELIEVING RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, AND AN UNEQUALED DISINFECTANT, DEODORIZER AND COUNTER-IRRITANT.

Glenn's Sulphur Soap, besides eradicating local diseases of the skin, banishes defects of the complexion, and imparts to it gratifying clearness and smoothness.

Sulphur Baths are celebrated for curing eruptions and other diseases of the skin, as well as Rheumatism and Gout. *Glenn's Sulphur Soap* produces the same effects at a most trifling expense. This admirable specific also speedily heals *sores, bruises, scalds, burns, sprains* and *cuts.* It removes dandruff and prevents the hair from falling out and turning gray.

Clothing and linen used in the sick room is disinfected, and diseases communicable by contact with the person, prevented by it.

The Medical Fraternity sanction its use.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

N. B.—Buy the large cakes and thereby economize. Sold by all Druggists.

"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE," Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

J. HAIRHOUSE,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER

The largest assortment of WATCHES AND CLOCKS between New York and Easton.

Another great reduction in WALTHAM, ELGIN and SPRINGFIELD WATCHES. The quick-train movement, manufactured in Rockford, Illinois, takes the lead; the best full plate railway time keeper made.

CLOCKS AND TIME PIECES.

JEWELRY of all descriptions. Beautiful designs of *SILVER PLATED-WARE;* everything marked down to BOTTOM PRICE. Agent for the DIAMOND SPECTACLE AND EYE GLASSES.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

AND WARRANTED.

ENGRAVING NEATLY DONE.

Dover, July 5th, 1877.

MOTHER'S REMEDY. For Burns and Scalds, Bites of Insects, Poison by Ivy, Frozen Limb and Parts, Discharging Sores, Milk leg, sore and weak eyes, Boils, Carbuncles, Felons and Styes, Sore Nipples, Broken Breasts, Erysipelas, Acute Pains, Headache, Earache and Toothache, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Bleeding of the Lungs, Uterine Hemorrhage and inflammations and Ulcerations peculiar to female is Sanford's Extract of Witch Hazel. Ask for it, because it is better, stronger and cheaper than any other, and is warranted by Weeks & Potter, Wholesale Druggists, 360 Washington St., Boston, Mass. 42-4w

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ILLUSTRATED HISTORY

THE GREAT RIOTS

It contains a full account of the reign of terror in Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Chicago, and other cities. The conflicts between the troops and the mob. Terrible conflagrations and destruction of property. Thrilling scenes and incidents, etc., etc. Send for a full description of the work and our extra terms to Agents. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 42-4w

25 ELEGANT CARDS. No two alike. With name. 10 cts. Post paid. HUSTED & Co. Nassau, New York. 40-4w

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The New Empire

Hot-Air, Gas & Base-burning Cooking Stove.

THE BEST BAKING STOVE IN THE WORLD

Also, a Large Assortment of other Styles of Cooking Stoves, Ranges, Parlor Stoves, &c.,

FOR SUMMER & WINTER USE.

Also, a choice stock of

Hardware, Cutlery,

Glass, Wooden, Copper, Plain and Japanned TINWARE.

Oil Cloths, Carpets, Lamps, Paints and Oils bird Cages, Feathers, Pratt's Astral Oil (non explosive.) Also,

DEALER IN COAL.

Roofing, Plumbing and Job

Work promptly attended to.

BONNELL'S PATENT STEAM COOKING APPARATUS.

Fairbank's Scales at Manufacturer's prices!

Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Rags and Greenbacks taken in exchange for goods.

JAMES H. BRUEN & Co.,

Rockaway, March 1, 1873.

THE MERCHANT WHO BEST PLEASES HIS CUSTOMERS IS HE WHO STAYS LONGEST AND SUCCEEDS.

The Old Reliable Market in

NEW QUARTERS!

J. R. BEEMER

having removed his market—the oldest in Dover—to his

NEW BUILDING

on SUSSEX STREET, two doors south of the old stand, will hereafter furnish choice

MEATS AND VEGETABLES,

(CHEAPER THAN EVER.)

BEEF,	MUTTON,	LAMB,
PORK,	VEAL,	SAUSAGE,

CINCINNATI HAMS,

the best in the market. We make a specialty *of killing all our own meat, and therefore know* that it is of the best. All kinds of

VEGETABLES,

kept on hand as soon as they appear in the markets, and sold at reasonable prices.

The highest market prices paid in cash, for Beef Hides, Veal Skins and Sheep Skins, bought at the market. Customers supplied by wagon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

17-1y

GRAND DISPLAY

—OF—

DRY GOODS

AT

M. H. DICKERSON'S.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE OF

DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S

Linen, Cambric and Percales SUITS,

Parasols, &c.

July 10th, 1877. DOVER, N. J

INSURE in a HOME COMPANY

Morris County Mutual

FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

MORRISTOWN, N. J.,

Chartered in 1849.

INSURANCE TAKEN AT AS LOW RATES AS THE RISK WARRANT.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

CALL AT OFFICE UNDER

NATIONAL IRON BANK

or address

JAS. M. BONSALL, Sec'y,

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

I deem it justly due the Morris County Mutual Life and Fire Insurance Company that this public acknowledgment be made of the receipt from them this day of the full amount of the insurance ($1,500) on the South Street Church, without rebate of interest, for loss by the fire on the 10th inst., and to express our grateful appreciation of their liberal and prompt action.

H. O. MARSH,
Treasurer South St. Presbyterian Church.

Morristown, N. J., January 20th, 1877.

CORNS are the most plentiful kind of grain in the market. Every one has a supply, from the little three-year-old child to the aged grandsire wending on to a hundred; stylish, handsome young ladies who daily promenade fashionable resorts; middle-aged matrons; old maids, dressed up to appear young and gay; dandies, with their patent leathers, kid gloves, and inevitable walking stick; the clergyman, merchant, lawyer, clerk and mechanic of all ages and stations; have a full supply of corns, bunions, bad nails, and other botherations of the feet, all of which are banished and cured by the use of Briggs' Corn and Bunion Remedies. Alleviator and Curative. Sold by VOGUSY & KILLGORE.